# Town of Plainville Connecticut



# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the

# Town of Plainville Connecticut

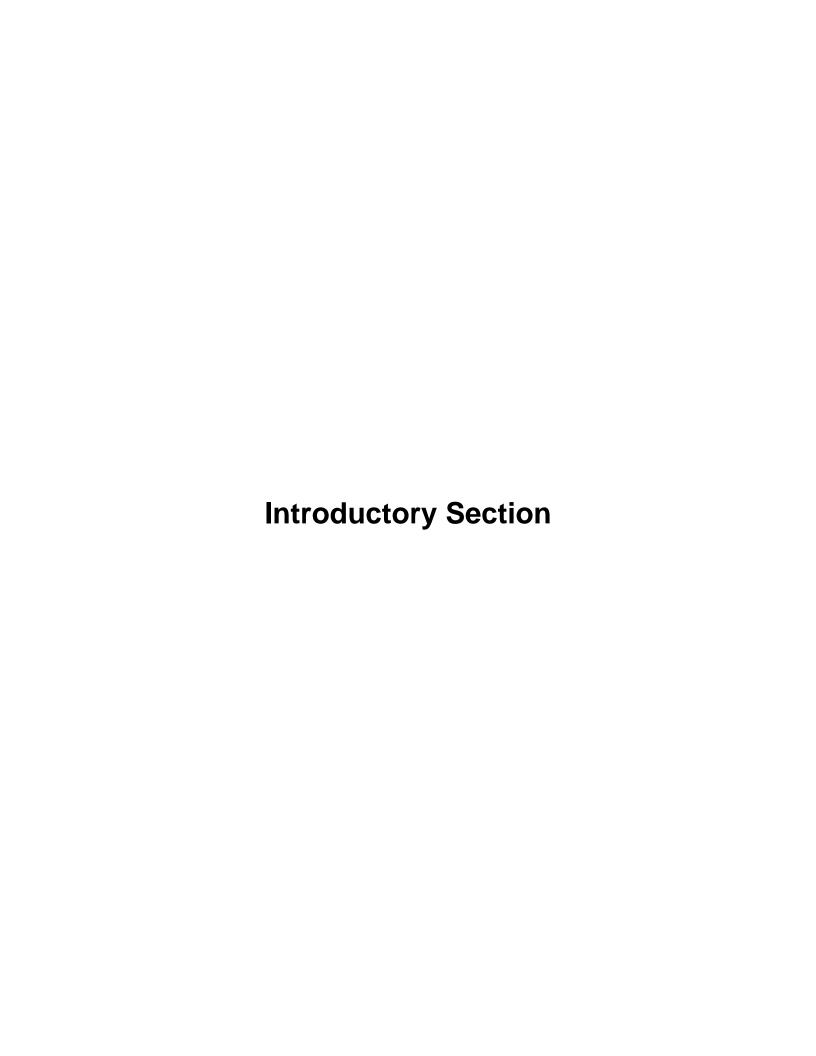
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Prepared by:
Finance Department
Robert W. Buden
Director of Finance

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2016

	Introductory Section	Page
	List of Principal Officials	i-ii
	Organizational Chart	iii
	Letter of Transmittal	iv-ix
	Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	X
	Financial Section	
	Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-11
	Basic Financial Statements	
Exhibit		
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
 	Statement of Net Position	12
II	Statement of Activities	13
	Fund Financial Statements:	
III	Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet	14-15
IV	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	16-17
1 V	Proprietary Funds:	10 17
V	Statement of Net Position	18
VI	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	19
VII	Statement of Cash Flows	20
	Fiduciary Funds:	0.4
VIII	Statement of Net Position	21
IX	Statement of Changes in Net Position - Pension Trust Funds  Notes to the Financial Statements	22 23-56
	Notes to the Financial Statements	23-30
	Required Supplementary Information	
	General Fund:	
RSI-1	Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual	57-58
RSI-2	Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual	59-61
	Pension Trust Funds:	
RSI-3	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Municipal Employees	62
RSI-4	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -	<b>0</b> _
	Police	63
RSI-5	Schedule of Employer Contributions - Municipal Employees	64
RSI-6	Schedule of Employer Contributions - Police	65
RSI-7	Schedule of Investment Returns - Municipal Employees	66
RSI-8	Schedule of Investment Returns - Police	67
RSI-9	Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -	68
	rearrier remembru etan	n×.

Exhibit	_	Page
	Supplemental, Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
A-1 A-2	General Fund: Comparative Balance Sheet Report of Tax Collector	69 70
A-3	Board of Education Schedule of Expenditures and Encumbrances Compared with Appropriations	71
B-1 B-2	Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Bayanyaa, Expanditures and Changes in	72-73
D-Z	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	74-75
С	Capital Projects Fund: Schedule of Expenditures and Encumbrances Compared with Appropriations	76-77
D-1 D-2 D-3	Internal Service Funds: Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows	78 79 80
E	Fiduciary Funds: Agency Funds: Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	81-82
	Statistical Section	
Table	-	
Table	-	
1	Financial Trends:  Net Position by Component	83
1 2	Financial Trends:  Net Position by Component  Changes in Net Position	84
1 2 3	Financial Trends:  Net Position by Component  Changes in Net Position  Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	84 85
1 2	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	84
1 2 3 4	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	84 85 86-87
1 2 3 4 5 6	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers	84 85 86-87 88 89
1 2 3 4	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections	84 85 86-87
1 2 3 4 5 6	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers	84 85 86-87 88 89
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections Debt Capacity: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita	84 85 86-87 88 89 90 91 92
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections Debt Capacity: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita Computation of Legal Debt Margin	84 85 86-87 88 89 90 91 92 93
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections Debt Capacity: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita Computation of Legal Debt Margin Legal Debt Margin Information	84 85 86-87 88 89 90 91 92
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections Debt Capacity: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita Computation of Legal Debt Margin	84 85 86-87 88 89 90 91 92 93
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections Debt Capacity: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita Computation of Legal Debt Margin Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics: Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers	84 85 86-87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections Debt Capacity: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita Computation of Legal Debt Margin Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics: Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers Operating Information:	84 85 86-87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections Debt Capacity: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita Computation of Legal Debt Margin Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics: Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers	84 85 86-87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections Debt Capacity: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita Computation of Legal Debt Margin Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics: Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers Operating Information: Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function/Program	84 85 86-87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96



# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT

# PRINCIPAL TOWN OFFICIALS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

### **TOWN COUNCIL**

Katherine Pugliese, Chairperson Scott Saunders, Vice-Chairman Danny Carrier Quinn Christopher Patrick Kilby Deborah Tompkins Christopher Wazorko

# **ADMINISTRATION**

# Robert E. Lee, Town Manager

Assistant Town Manager

Town Attorney
Town Clerk
Director of Finance

Assessor

Collector of Revenue

Treasurer
Chief of Police
Police Captain
Police Lieutenant
Fire Chief

Fire Chief Fire Marshal Director of Health Building Inspector

**Director of Technical Services** 

Superintendent of Water Pollution Control Superintendent of Buildings & Grounds

Superintendent of Roadways Director of Physical Services

Recreation Director
Town Planner

Senior Citizens Director Youth Services Coordinator

Librarian

Shirley Osle

Michael Mastrianni Carol Skultety Robert Buden

Jane Dickman-Buden

Ana LeGassey Duncan May Matthew Catania

Vacant

Eric Peterson
Kevin Toner
Larry Sutherland
Stephen Zebrowski
Foster Zucchi
John Bossi
Joseph Alosso
Dave Emery

Dominick Moschini Carmen Matteo Colin Regan Mark DeVoe Shawn Cohen Roberta Brown Douglas Lord

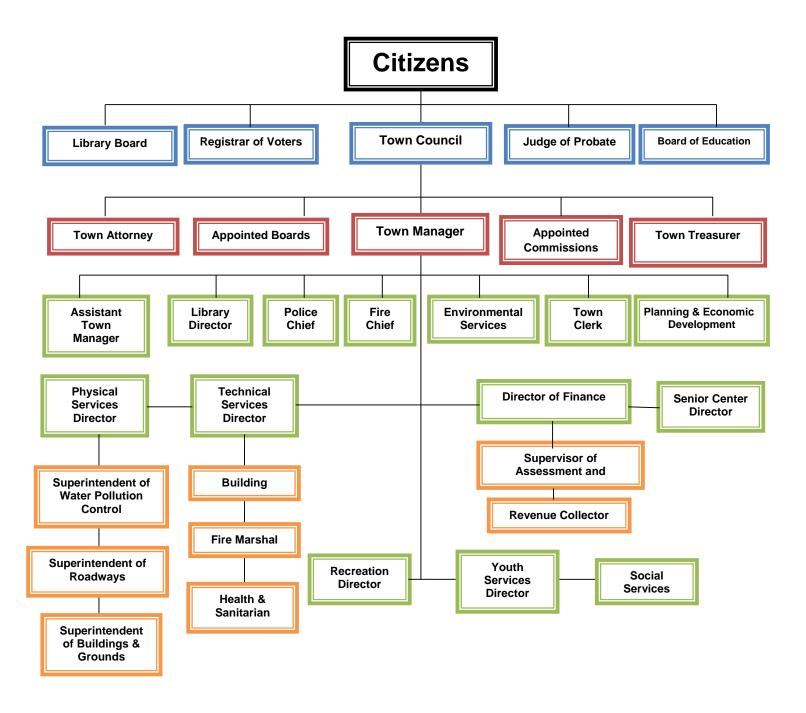
# **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Andrea Saunders, Chairperson
Deborah Hardy, Vice Chairperson
Brent Davenport
Michael Giuliano
Laurie Peterson
Cheryl Provost
Becky Tyrell
Foster White
Crystal St. Lawrence

Superintendent of Schools Director of Business and Operations

Maureen Brummett Steven Michaud

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





Town of Plainville, CT Finance Department One Central Square Plainville, CT 06062-1955 Phone: 860-793-0221 x 233 Fax: 860-793-2285

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Rob Buden – Director of Finance rbuden@plainville-ct.gov www.plainvillect.com

February 14, 2017

To the Members of the Town Council, Town Manager and Citizens of the Town of Plainville:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., have issued an unmodified (clean) opinion on the Town of Plainville's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A letter complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

### Profile of the Government

The Town of Plainville, incorporated in 1869, is located 14 miles southwest of Hartford, the state's capital, and is on a major interstate Highway I-84. The Town also has a privately owned airport within its boundaries that can service small planes. The Town has a land area of 9.6 square miles and a population of 17,820. The Town is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. This includes motor vehicles that are garaged or registered as being in the Town.

The Town has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since 1959. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the seven-member Town Council. The Council is elected biennially to serve a two-year term. The Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, proposing a budget to the annual Town Meeting, appointing committees, appointing the Town's attorney and treasurer, and hiring the Town's manager. The Town Manager as Chief Executive Official of the Town is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Town, and for appointing the heads of the Town's departments. For the seven council positions, each political party may nominate five nominees, which assures no more than five members of the Council are from the same political party.

The Town provides a full range of services, which include: general government services such as finance, personnel, town clerk, revenue collection, and assessment. Public safety includes fire and police protection; physical services for the management, care, and maintenance of all public buildings, public roadways, Town vehicles, and various construction activities. Environmental services includes the collection of solid waste and recyclable by a contract vendor; water pollution control for the collection and treatment of wastewater. Education, which is under the control of the elected Board of Education, and operates a high school, middle school and three (3) elementary schools.

The Council is required to fix the tax rate in mills within thirty (30) days after the annual budget meeting. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of Plainville's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may transfer resources within their own department, with the Town Manager's approval, throughout the fiscal year. Transfers between departments, however, need special approval from the Town Council during the fourth quarter only.

# Local Economy

Major industries located within the government's boundaries or in close proximity include manufacturers of electrical components and equipment, electrical controls, spring manufacturing aerospace parts and supply, and a number of medium and large sized construction firms. In addition, a substantial commercial economic presence includes a number of national retail facilities.

The Town's geographical location and access to major highways and railroads has helped with its growth. The Town's purchase of Robertson Airport, a general aviation facility that serves private, corporate, and charter aircraft, has resulted in the certainty that the airport will continue to serve the needs of the local aviation community indefinitely. The Town entered into an agreement with a Fixed-Based Operator, Interstate Aviation, for day-to-day management of the facility. A Federal FAA grant has allowed for a recent reconstruction and modernization of the runway. Other Federal FAA grants have included an obstruction survey and pavement study. The hope is that these studies and grants will attract additional airplane operators to call Robertson Airport their home. Pan Am Railways continues to provide freight rail service to the community.

Employment data for Plainville reflects a labor force of 10,454 as of June 2016. The unemployment rate in Plainville increased to 5.4% in June 2016 from 4.9% for June 2015 while the Hartford region went from 6.5% to 6.1% for the same period. Given the nature of the national and State economy, unemployment is expected to fluctuate in the near term however; the Town's commercial and industrial tax base, while not growing at a fast pace, remains solid.

The Town enjoys a diverse economic base, which includes small, mid-size, and large manufacturers consisting of General Electric, Carlingswitch (an electrical component maker), Gems Sensors and Controls, Mott Corporation, an industrial air filter manufacturer, Forestville Tool, Roma Tool, Cad Cam, LDM Manufacturing, ELKA Precision and many others. Plainville is home to a number of medium and large sized construction firms including Manafort Brothers, Walker Rigging, Tilcon CT, Inc. and Aiudi & Sons, LLC.

Efforts to revitalize the downtown business district received a boost as streetscape improvements have revitalized certain sections of the district, and those benefits will now be realized along the route 372 corridor as it transects the downtown area.

BRE DDR Connecticut Commons LLC, the largest taxpayer in the community, had an assessment of \$46,947,210 on the 10/01/2014 grand list or FY 2016. The managers of this retail facility have been rallying to fill all of the empty space within the plaza, which had a vacancy rate approaching 10% earlier in 2013. At the close of 2016, the plaza is at 100% occupancy. Recent development in the immediate area of Connecticut Commons includes a retail bakery, banking, and other miscellaneous retail space. Over 22 acres are available for development directly across from Connecticut Commons. This land is now undergoing environmental remediation to remove contaminants, clearing of buildings, and grading in an effort to improve marketability. In addition, an approved pad site with a 20,000-square-foot retail facility is awaiting a tenant. Lowes Theaters recently became an AMC Theater and renovated the interior of all theaters. Successful area restaurants such as J. Timothy's Tavern, Applebee's, The First and Last Tavern and others continue to add a dimension of entertainment to the area. The renovated Fairfield Inn (a Marriott product) is flourishing, adding an Irish theme pub, Waxy O'Connors.

Perhaps most exciting is the ongoing construction of a 145,000 square-foot medical office building and cancer center on the Plainville–New Britain town line (Plainville will house the medical office complex). This project represents a major step forward for cancer treatment in Central Connecticut. It is worth noting that besides the 145,000 square feet mentioned above, the developer has retained ample land to construct as much as 40,000 additional square feet of support facilities for the cancer center. Thirty-eight additional acres of Technology Park-zoned land remains available and, with recent tax credits enacted by the General Assembly for bioscience development within this area, the potential for future development is high. Ancillary economic benefits are sure to be realized once the project is completed and the site occupied. The Center opened in the spring of 2015.

Limestone Business Park continues to grow with its latest approval for 14,700 square feet still under construction. Connecticut Tool and Manufacturing on Corporate Avenue recently purchased adjacent property and constructed a 16,000-square-foot addition to its manufacturing facility.

Approval was granted and construction was completed for a 19,000 addition at Walker Crane and Rigging Farmington Valley Drive. The plan includes a 4,000-square-foot operation building and while not large in the scheme of things, it does indicate the viability of this industrial area to support a variety of uses. GEMS Sensors and Controls on Cowles Road put the finishing touches on a 20,000-square- foot expansion it received approval for in 2012. General Electric-Industrial Solutions remains one of the Town's largest employers. Recently, GE has begun developing relationships with local manufacturers, such as LDM Manufacturing, LLC to assist in GE's R&D efforts. Synergistic relationships like this not only improve the bottom line for the companies involved, they encourage a community approach to manufacturing that benefits the local economy. Ducci Electric moved into a new 25,000 square foot facility on Unionville Avenue.

Plainville understands the linkage between these efforts and the overall health of the local economy. The past upward trends in job growth in the manufacturing sector were a welcome surprise that the Town has attempted to capitalize upon by improving governmental development services. While growth has slowed, there have been no major layoffs so employment numbers in this sector have held steady through June 2016. Principal employers located in Town can be viewed on Table 13.

The Town of Plainville approved an Enterprise Zone in February 1999 that consists of 200 acres. The Enterprise Zone allows for special tax incentives for manufacturing businesses within its boundaries. All but approximately 50 acres have been developed. In the Enterprise Zone, recent construction includes Allstate Fire Protection, Inc., Network Interiors, LLC, and Roma Tool, LLC. A recent vacancy created by a failed business has been sold and there remain no vacancies in this entire area.

Plainville's Economic Development Director continues to market vacant properties. The Department of Planning and Economic Development, in conjunction with the Town Managers' Office, continues to work with the development community as well as realtors, environmental professionals, and the legal profession to advance interest in existing underutilized properties.

The Town has been very active in providing tax abatements to business that locate within the community or want to expand their operations. This program has been very helpful in attracting new industry and keeping existing businesses. In addition, the Economic Development Agency administers a Small Business Loan Program that has provided nearly \$160,000.00 in secured loans to our business community over the past year. Loans are used for a variety of approved activities including facilities improvements, equipment purchases, marketing, and implementation of new business plans resulting in new hires.

Residential activity still remains slow this year. Plainville's reputation as a desirable location to live leaves few existing homes on the market. The result has been a slow, but steady rate of sales for new residential units. The 116 units under construction at Samuel's Crossing continue to sell at a reasonable pace. Single-family homes built on speculation by local developers continue to sell before completion. While little new development of rental multi-family has occurred (zero units approved), Plainville maintains close to 38% of its housing stock as multi-family and condominium. Demand continues to increase for rental housing as the current economy is not as favorable to homeownership opportunities and foreclosure rates continue to fluctuate at higher levels.

# Long-Term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund (16.43% of total general fund revenues) is above the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., a minimum level must be no less than 5% general fund revenues). Following a review of the Town of Plainville's Capital Improvement Program, the Council has established a Debt Management Fund, which will be funded through budget appropriations or operational surpluses. It may be used to reduce the amount that will be borrowed for future construction or to supplement debt retirement payments. This fund was rolled back into the General Fund during the preparation of the 2011 CAFR due to Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) Statement No. 54 and has had little activity other than investment earnings since 2010.

# Relevant Financial Policies

The State budget for FY 2011 extended the conveyance tax rate on real estate sales paid to municipalities. After much debate, the rate of \$2.50 per \$1,000 of the real estate sales was made permanent and there was an expansion of the current optional conveyance tax to all municipalities bringing the total municipal rate from 0.11% to 0.5%. During the current year, the Town received \$157,892 in conveyance tax.

# Major Initiatives

In October 2011, the Town paid down \$4.975 million on a \$6 million BAN for the Toffolon School project and rolled over \$1.025 million at an interest rate of 0.96%. Then in December 2011, the Town paid off the BAN by permanently financing \$500,000, paying down \$525,000, and refunded \$12.060 million in older debt at a lower interest rate without extending the life of the debt. These transactions will reduce future debt service payments over the next twelve years by approximately \$787,355 and represents an economic gain of \$714,844 (difference between present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt). The Town's debt portfolio has been rated Aa3 by Moody's Investor Services. This rate was affirmed in December 2011. The Town also received a rating increase from Standard & Poor's in July 2014 from A+ to AA+. This significant three-step increase will have a significant impact on the Town's future borrowing costs. This became evident in September 2015 when the Town refunded \$5.025 million of general obligation bonds at much lower interest rates without extending the life of the debt. The refunding will result in \$348,283 in budgetary savings through 2027 and represents an economic gain of \$325,127. The present value savings as a percentage of bonds refunded was 6.50% (GFOA benchmark is 2.00%), and the interest rate on the refunded bonds is 2.02% versus the old rate of 4.14%.

Effective July 1, 2012, the Town and Board of Education combined financial operations. This consolidation resulted in physical relocation of all staff members to the same area for purposes of streamlining operations. The consolidation plan has multiple steps designed in it but has begun with results already being seen in areas of cross-training, back-up, and economies of scale. Greater buying power has allowed the Town to purchase cooperatively saving much needed tax dollars.

# Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Plainville for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the government also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2015, or Fiscal Year 2016. This was the fifteenth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communication device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance department. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Town Manager and especially to the Town Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town of Plainville's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert W. Buden Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Town of Plainville Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

**Executive Director/CEO** 



Tel 860.561.4000 Fax 860.521.9241



# **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Town Council Town of Plainville, Connecticut

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Plainville, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Plainville, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Plainville, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Change in Accounting Principle**

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11, the budgetary comparison information on pages 57 through 61, and the pension schedules on pages 62 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Plainville, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them. We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Town of Plainville, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2015, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. accompanying balance sheet for the General Fund and statements of net position; revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and cash flows for the Internal Service Funds as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2015 financial statements. The accompanying balance sheet for the General Fund and statements of net position; revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and cash flows for the Internal Service Funds have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2015 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the balance sheet for the General Fund and statements of net position; revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and cash flows for the Internal Service Funds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2015.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2017 on our consideration of the Town of Plainville, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Plainville, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut February 14, 2017

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Plainville, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX.

# **Financial Highlights**

- Net position of our governmental activities increased by almost \$1.9 million, or 1.96% (Table 1).
- During the year, the Town had expenses that were \$1.9 million less than the \$75.8 million generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs, up from \$69.2 million last year (Table 2).
- Total cost of all of the Town's programs was \$73.9 million, up from \$70.8 million last year (Table 2).
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$10.91 million, down from \$11.06 million last year (Exhibit III).
- The resources actually available for appropriation were \$1.2 million more than budgeted for the General Fund (RSI-1), primarily due to better than expected back tax collections and unbudgeted miscellaneous revenue coming in during the year. Expenditures were kept within spending limits and came in under budget by \$141 thousand (RSI-2).

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Towns most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

# **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities as follows:

 Governmental Activities - The Town's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works, human services, culture and recreation, and general administration.
 Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town Council establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received from the State Department of Education and the Federal Housing and Urban Development Departments). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental Funds (Exhibits III and IV) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary Funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII) When the Town charges customers for the services it
  provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally
  reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities
  are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Internal service funds
  (the component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and service
  for the Towns other programs and activities such as the Town's Health Insurance and Self
  Insurance Reserve Internal Service Funds.
- Fiduciary Funds (Exhibits VIII and IX) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

# **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The Town's governmental net position were increased by 1.96% from a year ago increasing from \$95.7 million to \$97.5 million. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

TABLE 1
NET POSITION

		Gover	'nn	nental				
		Activities						
	-	2016	-	2015				
Current assets	\$	29,530,651	\$	27,905,449				
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	136,403,309		136,668,352				
Total assets	-	165,933,960		164,573,801				
Deferred outflow of resources	-	3,223,326		1,851,989				
Long-term liabilities outstanding		65,457,920		67,362,107				
Other liabilities	_	5,830,347		3,080,112				
Total liabilities	-	71,288,267	_	70,442,219				
Deferred inflow of resources	-	319,294		312,507				
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		90,129,040		87,665,294				
Restricted		1,266,567		1,291,311				
Unrestricted	-	6,154,118	_	6,714,459				
Total Net Position	\$	97,549,725	\$	95,671,064				

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - decreased by \$560 thousand from \$6.71 million at June 30, 2015 to \$6.15 million at June 30, 2016.

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION

		Activities					
	_	2016		2015			
Revenues:	_		_				
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	5,093,881	\$	5,260,855			
Operating grants and contributions		22,575,898		19,517,816			
Capital grants and contributions		2,014,461					
General revenues:							
Property taxes		44,368,707		43,311,991			
Grants and contributions not restricted to							
specific programs		502,072		553,660			
Unrestricted investment earnings		84,889		58,634			
Other general revenues		1,143,034		452,634			
Total revenues		75,782,942	_	69,155,590			
Expenses: General government Public safety Public works Human services		3,823,545 7,761,957 9,357,385 1,950,941		3,280,622 7,262,484 8,559,743 1,919,435			
Culture and recreation		1,402,746		1,388,081			
Education		48,021,884		46,898,961			
Interest on long-term debt		1,585,823		1,545,996			
Total expenses		73,904,281		70,855,322			
Change in Net Position		1,878,661		(1,699,732)			
Beginning Net Position	_	95,671,064		97,370,796			
Ending Net Position	\$_	97,549,725	\$_	95,671,064			

Governmental

The Town's total revenues for 2016 were \$75.8 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$73.9 million. Our analysis below separately considers the operations of governmental activities.

# **Governmental Activities**

Revenues increased, from the prior year with increases in operating grants, capital grant and contributions, property taxes and other general revenues. This increase is a reflection of receiving capital grants in 2016 that we did not have in 2015. Back tax collections came in higher than anticipated due to tax sales and aggressive collection efforts, while other revenues increased due to one-time revenues coming from BRRFOC and Eversource.

Education expenses increased \$1.1 million, Public Safety expenses increased \$499 thousand, General Government expenses increased \$543 thousand, but offsets in other categories netted the overall expense increase to \$3.1 million. Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's six largest programs education, public works, public safety, general government, interest on long-term debt, and a generic all others - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	_	<b>Total Cos</b>	t of	Services		Net Cost	<b>Net Cost of Services</b>			
		2016		2015	_	2016	_	2015		
Education	\$	48,021,884	\$	46,898,961	\$	27,520,437	\$	28,271,393		
Public works		9,357,385		8,559,743		4,226,075		4,698,288		
Public safety		7,761,957		7,262,484		7,242,266		6,746,946		
General government		3,823,545		3,280,622		689,932		2,139,604		
Interest on long-term debt		1,585,823		1,545,996		1,585,823		1,545,996		
All others	_	3,353,687		3,307,516		2,955,508		2,674,424		
Total	\$_	73,904,281	\$	70,855,322	\$_	44,220,041	\$	46,076,651		

# **Town Funds Financial Analysis**

# Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$18.6 million, which is a decrease from last year's total of \$18.8 million; essentially breakeven. The primary reason for the decrease is the Town's additional appropriations and subsequent transfers out to fund one-time capital improvement projects, using those funds to reconstruct several roads and bridges in Town. Significant changes by fund type are listed below.

# **General Fund:**

- 1. For the 2016 budget, \$200,000 was budgeted as a revenue source from the fund balance but not used
- 2. \$2,248,186 of additional appropriations was approved during FY 2016. This comes directly out of fund balance and is the primary reason for the General Fund loss in FY 2016.
- 3. Building permits revenue came in higher than budgeted, back tax interest and lien fees continue to come in higher through aggressive collection efforts, State of CT revenue came in as budgeted, and miscellaneous revenues came in higher than budgeted.
- 4. Expenditures are kept close to budget with some savings seen in the Fire, Buildings & Grounds, and Solid Waste Departments. We also continue to lower our Municipal Building maintenance costs through conservation measures.

# **Sewer Operating Fund:**

1. The Sewer Operating fund showed a gain of \$371 thousand as budgeted during FY 2016. This was primarily due to a cash settlement received from a previous contractor along with rate increases put in place to offset and/or minimize operating losses and known future expense increases. Rates will continue to increase slightly each year with the hopes of increasing fund balance to help with known future expense increases for phosphorus removal.

# **Capital Projects Fund:**

1. The Capital Projects fund showed a loss of \$686 thousand. This was due primarily to the Town road bond projects. The Town took out a \$2 million bond anticipation note, which is shown as a liability versus revenue while the projects showed \$1.5 million in expenditures.

# **Proprietary Funds**

The internal service funds unrestricted net position decreased by 70.0% to \$319,586 due to higher than expected claims and lower operating revenue. It is anticipated the Town Council will appropriate funds to increase the net position of the internal service funds within the next fiscal year or two.

# **General Fund Expenditure Budget Highlights**

General Government - there was an overall positive variance of \$17,486 after year-end transfers.

Public Safety - there was an overall positive variance of \$20,998 after year-end transfers.

Public Works - there was a positive variance of \$73,859 primarily due to better overtime management, lower fuel costs, and better utility cost budgeting as a whole.

Human Services - there was a positive variance of \$10,448 all due to a reduction in solid waste disposal costs.

Education - finished the year returning \$6,530 of their budget to the General Fund.

The Town's General Fund balance of \$10.9 million reported on Exhibit III differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance reported in the budgetary comparison in the required supplementary information. This is principally because budgetary fund balance includes \$974 thousand of outstanding encumbrances at year-end, which are reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

# Capital Assets

At June 30, 2016, the Town had \$136.4 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment, roads, bridges, and water and sewer lines – Table 4. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$265 thousand, or 0.19%, less than last year.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

			Governmental Activities					
	_	2016		2015				
Land	\$	6,187,769	\$	5,446,275				
Buildings Improvements other than buildings		110,772,365 10,470		114,351,799 26,973				
Furniture and equipment		3,611,423		3,391,943				
Infrastructure		14,482,941		13,330,358				
Construction in progress	_	1,338,341		121,004				
Total	\$_	136,403,309	\$	136,668,352				

This year's major additions included:

The Town completed the PHS Turf Field project and are two years into a five-year road improvement project. This project will resurface/reconstruct numerous roads throughout the Town, dramatically improving our infrastructure. Depreciation on fixed assets, primarily buildings, led to the overall decrease in capital assets.

The Town's fiscal year 2016 - 2017 capital budget calls for it to spend \$1.84 million for public safety and public works equipment, educational technology and school improvements. Included in this amount is a parks improvement project partially fully funded by a State of CT grant for \$592 thousand.

More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Notes 1 and 5 to the financial statements.

# **Long-Term Debt**

At June 30, 2016, the Town had \$27.975 million in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$31.5 million last year - a decrease of 11.19% - as shown in Table 5.

# TABLE 5 OUTSTANDING DEBT, AT YEAR-END

		Gove Act		nental :ies			
	-	2016 2015					
General Obligation Bonds (Backed by the Town)	\$	27,975,000	\$	31,500,000			

The Town's general obligation bond rating carries the Aa3 rating by Moody's Investment Service. This rate was reaffirmed in December 2011. The Town has been rated by Moody's since 1972. The Town also received a rating increase from Standard & Poor's in July 2014 from A+ to AA+. This significant three-step increase will have a significant financial impact on the Town's future borrowing costs. The Town took advantage of this rating increase in September 2015 by refunding \$5.5M of general obligation bonds at much lower interest rates. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The Town's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this \$308.8 million state-imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The Towns elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2017 budget and tax rate. One of those factors is the economy and the community's ability to pay for municipal services. The Town's labor force stood at 10,454 for June 2016. Unemployment increased to 5.4% compared to 4.9% for June 2015. However, these rates continue to decrease significantly from the June 2013 numbers of 7.7% for Plainville. Unemployment is expected to fluctuate in the near term however; the Town's commercial and industrial tax based remains solid.

The consumer price index for June 2016 was 1.0% compared to 0.1% for June 2015 and 2.1% for June 2014. The Town has been active in dealing with a downtown improvement program, tax abatement program, an Enterprise Zone program, and a loan/grant program. These programs have helped bring new business into the community and retained existing businesses.

These are just some of the indicators taken into account when adopting the current General Fund Budget for 2016 - 2017. Amounts available for appropriations in the General Fund are \$57,642,463, an increase of 2.01% over the adopted 2016 budget of \$56,504,681. These increases will be used to maintain current levels of services, keep the existing labor force intact, and provide for needed capital improvements. Budgeted expenditures equal budgeted revenues in order to have a balanced budget. The Town did budget a nominal amount of fund balance of \$200,000 use for the 2016 - 2017 budget. The use of fund balance in combination with the large general fund gain for FY 2014 has put the General Fund unassigned fund balance at a 16.43% level. The Town is committed to increasing and maintaining a healthy fund balance level. This will only help the Town maintain and improve its services to residents.

# **Contacting the Town's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Town of Plainville, One Central Square, Plainville, Connecticut 06062-1955.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	-	Governmental Activities
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,158,767
Investments		4,774,459
Receivables, net		9,443,655
Inventory		17,771
Prepaid items		135,999
Capital assets:		
Assets not being depreciated		7,526,110
Assets being depreciated, net	-	128,877,199
Total assets	-	165,933,960
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred charge on refunding		655,155
Deferred outflows related to changes in assumptions		296,890
Deferred outflows related to changes in projected investment earnings		2,271,281
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	3,223,326
Liabilities:		
Accounts and other payables		3,457,502
Unearned revenue		372,845
Bond anticipation notes payable		2,000,000
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		5,739,219
Due in more than one year		59,718,701
Total liabilities	-	71,288,267
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Deferred inflows related to pension actuarial experience		298,636
Deferred inflows related to changes in assumptions		20,658
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	319,294
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets		90,129,040
Restricted for:		, -,
Trust purposes:		
Expendable		1,266,567
Unrestricted		6,154,118
Total Net Position	\$	97,549,725

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

								• " •	_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities		
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works Human services Culture and recreation Education Debt service	\$	3,823,545 7,761,957 9,357,385 1,950,941 1,402,746 48,021,884 1,585,823	\$	636,908 464,689 3,327,343 42,633 144,709 477,599	\$	2,284,564 55,002 853,967 64,355 41,482 19,276,528	\$	212,141 950,000 105,000 747,320	\$	(689,932) (7,242,266) (4,226,075) (1,843,953) (1,111,555) (27,520,437) (1,585,823)		
Total	\$ <u></u>	73,904,281	\$_	5,093,881	\$_	22,575,898	\$_	2,014,461	_	(44,220,041)		
General revenues: Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues												
		Change in ne	et pos	sition						1,878,661		
	N	let Position, Be	ginni	ng of Year					_	95,671,064		
	N	let Position, En	d of `	Year					\$_	97,549,725		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

	_	General	_	Sewer Operating		Housing Rehabilitation	_	Airport Operations		Capital Projects	 Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid items	\$	10,530,461 2,539,014 4,256,099 1,807,369 48,562	\$	115,475 1,623,301 1,145,114 33,381 2,652	\$	17,705 1,730,266	\$	212,141 170,179	\$	234,109 1,603,152 3,347,736 51,776	\$ 1,870,538 612,144 496,883 766,382 17,771 33,009	\$ 12,768,288 4,774,459 9,443,655 6,125,047 17,771 135,999
Total assets	\$	19,181,505	\$	2,919,923	\$	1,747,971	\$	382,320	\$	5,236,773	\$ 3,796,727	\$ 33,265,219
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Bond anticipation notes payable	\$	706,505 48,257 4,317,678	\$	66,705	\$	52,990	\$	24,604	\$	1,290,255 281,322 2,000,000	\$ 303,909 312,033 91,523	\$ 2,444,968 48,257 4,629,711 372,845 2,000,000
Total liabilities	_	5,072,440	_	66,705		52,990	-	24,604		3,571,577	707,465	9,495,781
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivables Total deferred inflows of resources	_	3,200,434	_	285,516 285,516	-	1,677,276 1,677,276	-		. <u>-</u>		 	 3,200,434 285,516 1,677,276 5,163,226
Total deferred filliows of resources	_	3,200,434	_	203,310	•	1,077,270	-		-			 3,103,220
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed		48,562 198,387		2,652 2,565,050		17,705		357,716		51,776 545,769 2,531,062	50,780 2,470,235 568,247	153,770 3,033,709 6,220,462
Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	_	1,173,970 9,487,712 10,908,631	_	2,567,702		17,705	-	357,716		(1,463,411) 1,665,196	 3,089,262	 1,173,970 8,024,301 18,606,212
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	19,181,505	\$_	2,919,923	\$	1,747,971	\$_	382,320	\$	5,236,773	\$ 3,796,727	\$ 33,265,219

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

\$ 18,606,212

136,403,309

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets \$ 280,502,308
Less accumulated depreciation (144,098,999)
Net capital assets

Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days

Interest receivable on property taxes

1,241,644

Assessments receivable

285,516

Housing loans

Deferred outflows related to changes in assumptions

296,890

Deferred outflows related to changes in projected investments earnings

2,271,281

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

319.586

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and deferred inflows of resources, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds and notes payable	(43,014,131)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(388,720)
Bond premium	(1,266,090)
Compensated absences	(2,974,317)
Capital lease	(649,203)
Net OPEB obligation	(10,827,403)
Deferred charges on refunding	655,155
Deferred inflows related to pension actuarial experience	(298,636)
Deferred inflows related to pension assumption changes	(20,658)
Net pension liability	(6,726,776)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I) \$97,549,725

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General		_	Sewer Operating	Housing Rehabilitation		Airport Operations		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		-	Total Sovernmental Funds
Revenues:														
Property taxes	\$	44,113,227	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	44,113,227
Assessments including interest and liens				276,308										276,308
Charges for services		1,562,958		3,228,802				195,189		10,021		628,431		5,625,401
Intergovernmental		16,214,440		8,913		102,917		212,141		3,276,932		4,119,057		23,934,400
Income on investments		59,355		19,643						339		4,937		84,274
Miscellaneous	_	45,061	_	142,360	_	16,483				1,007,760	_	561,275	_	1,772,939
Total revenues	-	61,995,041	-	3,676,026	-	119,400		407,330	-	4,295,052	-	5,313,700	_	75,806,549
Expenditures:														
Current:														
General government		2,190,220						311,538						2,501,758
Public safety		4,575,293										70,112		4,645,405
Public works		4,321,676		1,349,762								281,729		5,953,167
Human services		1,712,035										100,135		1,812,170
Culture and recreation		147,672										1,007,144		1,154,816
Education		38,395,769										4,406,182		42,801,951
Other expenditures		3,459,339				122,693						12,445		3,594,477
Capital outlay										7,559,855				7,559,855
Debt service	_	4,626,826	_	1,415,941	_				-		_		_	6,042,767
Total expenditures	_	59,428,830	-	2,765,703	_	122,693		311,538	-	7,559,855	_	5,877,747	_	76,066,366
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues														
over Expenditures	_	2,566,211	-	910,323	_	(3,293)		95,792	-	(3,264,803)	_	(564,047)	_	(259,817)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):														
Transfers in		320,221								2,588,420		789,345		3,697,986
Transfers out		(3,143,704)		(538,901)						(10,000)		(5,381)		(3,697,986)
Refunding bonds issued		5,025,000		, , ,						, , ,		, ,		5,025,000
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent		(5,361,417)												(5,361,417)
Premium on refunding bonds		445,977												445,977
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(2,713,923)	-	(538,901)	_	-		-	•	2,578,420	_	783,964	_	109,560
Net Change in Fund Balances		(147,712)		371,422		(3,293)		95,792		(686,383)		219,917		(150,257)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	_	11,056,343	-	2,196,280	_	20,998		261,924	-	2,351,579	_	2,869,345	_	18,756,469
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$_	10,908,631	\$_	2,567,702	\$_	17,705	\$	357,716	\$	1,665,196	\$_	3,089,262	\$_	18,606,212

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ (150,257)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay	6,510,328
Depreciation expense	(6,633,348)
Loss on disposal of capital asset	(142,023)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Property tax receivable - accrual basis change	(115,721)
Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change	94,893
Sewer assessment receivable - accrual basis change	(72,630)
Housing loans receivable - accrual basis change	69,282
Change in deferred outflows related to changes in projected investments earnings	1,343,948
Change in deferred outflows related to changes in assumptions	(156,864)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Refunding bonds issued	(5,025,000)
Bond and notes principal payments	4,189,284
Payments to bond refunding agent	5,361,417
Premium on bonds issued	(445,977)
Capital lease payments	240,318

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Amortization of deferred charges in refunding	184,253
Amortization of premium	224,494
Compensated absences	106,225
Accrued interest	(141,088)
Net OPEB expense	(1,019,401)
Change in deferred inflows related to pension actuarial experience	(47,710)
Change in deferred inflows related to changes in assumptions	(20,658)
Change in net pension liability	(1,727,173)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

(747,931)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

1,878,661

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
\$	2,390,479
	575,557
_	1,495,336
	2,070,893
¢	319,586

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services	\$5,993,255_
Operating Expenses: Insurance claims, premiums and fees Administration Total operating expenses	6,606,201 135,557 6,741,758
Operating Loss	(748,503)
Nonoperating Revenues: Revenues from use of money	572
Change in Net Position	(747,931)
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,067,517
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$319,586_

## TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Governmental Activities
	_	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from charges for services and contributions Cash paid for claims, premiums and fees Cash received from interfund services provided Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ -	5,993,255 (6,565,283) 1,171,871 599,843
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Income on investments	_	572_
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		600,415
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	_	1,790,064
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$_	2,390,479
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$_	(748,503)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:  Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		107,920
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		176,475
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	_	1,063,951
Total adjustments	-	1,348,346
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	599,843

## TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Pension Trust Funds		Agency Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments at fair value:	\$		\$	490,703
Certificates of deposit				340,917
Open-end mutual funds	_	25,511,568		
Total assets	_	25,511,568	\$_	831,620
Liabilities:				
Due to employees and others			\$	814,374
Surety bond payable	_		_	17,246
Total liabilities	_	-	\$_	831,620
Net Position:				
Restricted for pension plan benefits	\$_	25,511,568		

## TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		_	Pension Trust Funds
Additions: Contributions:			
Employer		\$	874,736
Employee		_	253,839
Total contributions			1,128,575
Investment income:			
Net change in fair value of investments \$	(487,125)		
Interest and dividends	533,685	ı	
Net investment income		_	46,560
Total additions			1,175,135
Deductions:			
Benefits	2,091,459		
Administration	120,086		
Total deductions	,		2,211,545
Change in Net Position			(1,036,410)
Net Position, Beginning of Year			26,547,978
Net Position, End of Year		\$_	25,511,568

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Plainville, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The Town operates in accordance with the provisions of its Charter, which was originally adopted in 1959 under Connecticut's Home Rule Act. The Charter has been amended over the years with the most recent changes approved in 2012.

Plainville has a Council - Manager form of government. The Town Council is comprised of seven members and is elected biennially. The Town Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is appointed by the Town Council. Services provided by the Town include police and fire protection, recreation programs, senior citizen programs, street repairs, health inspections, building inspections, sewage disposal, general administrative services and education. Refuse collection is contracted out by the Town to a private hauler.

The Town Council is the legislative body and is responsible for preparing the annual budget and setting the tax rate. The budget process involves specific provisions for public hearings and requires Town Meeting approval. There is a Treasurer, appointed by the Council, who is responsible for the receiving and safekeeping of municipal funds. Additionally, there is a Department of Finance consisting of the Director of Finance, Revenue (Tax) Collector and Assessor. It is the responsibility of the Department of Finance to maintain and operate the accounting system for the Town. An elected Board of Education is responsible for the operation of the public school system.

The Town has the power to incur indebtedness by issuing bonds or notes as provided by the Connecticut General Statutes. No ordinance or resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds in excess of 1% of the annual budget or making a special appropriation in excess of 1% of the annual budget can become effective until approved by referendum.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and pension fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Sewer Operating Fund is used to account for the activity of the Sewer Treatment Plant and other pollution control activities. The major sources of revenue for this fund are initial sewer assessment and user fees.

The Housing Rehabilitation Fund is used to account for the activity of the Housing grant and rehabilitation loans to property owners. The major sources of revenue for this fund federal grants.

The Airport Operations Fund is used to fund general operations of Robertson Airport. The major sources of revenue for this fund federal grants and fees.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, improvements and/or equipment. Capital projects of greater than one year's duration have been accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Most of the capital outlays are financed by the issuance of general obligation bonds. Other sources include capital grants, current tax revenues and low-interest state loans.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the self-insurance activities related to health benefits and deductibles on commercial insurance policies.

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Town's pension plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Town employees.

The Agency Funds account for assets held by the Town in an agent capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governments. The funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of result of operations. These Agency Funds include Student Activity, Senior Citizen, Deposit Fund and Central CT Regional Planning Agency.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for co-insurance. Operating expenses for internal service fund include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

## E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1. They are levied and due the following July 1. The lien date is July 1. Assessments for real and personal property, including motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of the market value. Taxes not paid within 30 days of the due date are subject to an interest charge of 1½% per month.

In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as receivable on the due date and are recognized as revenues to the extent collected during the fiscal year or collected soon enough thereafter (within 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes receivable not expected to be collected during the available period are reflected as deferred revenue.

Assessments are made against properties for sewer and water connections. These amounts are shown as receivable and deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements.

## F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepayments of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	25
Furniture	5-20
Vehicles	10-20
Equipment	7-20

#### H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to

pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In the government-wide statement of net position, the Town reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, special assessments and long-term loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

### I. Compensated Absences

## Municipal

Vacation earned can be accumulated up to 25 days by individual employees; upon request and approval by the Town Manager individual employees can accumulate vacation above the 25 days. In addition, municipal employees, other than police, may accumulate 150 days of sick leave until termination of their employment.

Upon termination, employees are compensated for their accumulated sick time at the rate of one day for every three days earned.

Police officers may accumulate up to 230 days of sick time and are compensated for a portion of this sick time only at retirement, disability retirement or death. Officers hired prior to July 1, 1978 are compensated up to a maximum of 120 sick days and all other officers are compensated at the rate of one day for every three days earned up to a maximum of 60 days.

#### **Board of Education**

Vacation cannot be accumulated. It is lost if it is not used. Sick time may be accumulated to the following maximums:

Secretaries and Custodians	150 days
Paraprofessionals	120 days
Nurses	150 days
Teachers	187 days
Administrators	225 days

Teachers and administrators are compensated at the rate of 33% of accumulated sick time only upon retirement, disability retirement or death. Secretaries are compensated up to a maximum of 125 accumulated sick days. Custodians hired before July 1, 1987 are compensated up to a maximum of 120 accumulated sick days while all others are compensated up to a maximum of 75 accumulated sick days. Nurses are compensated 33% of up to 120 accumulated sick days. Paraprofessionals are compensated 50% of accumulated sick time up to a maximum of 50 days.

The Town values all compensated absences at salary rates in effect at balance sheet date.

## J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

## K. Net OPEB Obligation

The net OPEB obligation represents the cumulative difference between the annual OPEB cost and the Town's contributions to the plan. The amount is calculated on an actuarial basis and is recorded as a noncurrent liability in the government-wide financial statements.

## L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### M. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

#### **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

#### **Restricted Net Position**

Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### **Unrestricted Net Position**

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

### Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

#### **Committed Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town Council). Amounts remain committed until action is taken by the Town Council (resolution) to remove or revise the limitations.

### **Assigned Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by Town Council which has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

## N. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

## O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### A. Budgetary Information

The Town adopts an annual operating budget for the General Fund only. The following details the procedures relating to the General Fund budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

Not later than the 15th day of February, each department, office, board, commission and agency of the Town, including the Board of Education, submits their estimates of revenues and expenditures to the Town Manager. Each such unit is entitled to a hearing by the Town Manager. The Board of Education furnishes the Town Manager with a budget for the operation of the schools containing a detailed estimate of expenditures.

No later than the second Monday in March, the Town Manager presents a budget to the Town Council consisting of (a) a budget message outlining the financial policy of the Town, (b) estimates of revenues for the General Fund, (c) estimates of expenditures for each department, office, commission, board, agency and activity for the General Fund, (d) a program previously acted upon by the Town Planning and Zoning Commission concerning municipal improvement for the ensuing fiscal year and for the next three fiscal years. This last segment contains cost estimates and the methods of financing. The Chairman of the Board of Education does the same for the Board of Education budget.

The Town Council holds one or more public hearings not later than 30 days before the annual budget meeting. Following receipt of the proposals from the Town Manager and the Chairman of the Board of Education and the public hearings, the Town Council prepares a budget to present to the annual budget meeting of the Town.

The annual budget meeting for the General Fund is held on the third Tuesday in April. The General Fund budget is adopted by majority vote of those voting. If the budget is not adopted, the meeting is adjourned to the first Tuesday in May and hence to the third Tuesday in May thereafter until final approval is given. The budget, if rejected shall be reconsidered by the Council in conjunction with the Town Manager. If the budget remains unaccepted after the third meeting and in no case later than 30 days after the first Tuesday in May, the budget presented at the third meeting shall be deemed adopted.

Budget control is established at the department, office, commission, board, agency or activity level. Transfers of unencumbered appropriations between these units (except the Board of Education) may be done by the Council in the last three months of the fiscal year provided that the total level of appropriations remains the same. Management may make changes in line items within a department without approval of the Town Council. Additional appropriations of \$2,248,186 were made during the year from available unassigned fund balance.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year except for capital project appropriations. Capital project appropriations lapse when the budgeted item is acquired or construction completed or if no expenditure or encumbrance has been made for three consecutive fiscal years.

Budgetary accounting uses encumbrance accounting. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all budgeted governmental type funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in the GAAP financial statements as either restricted, committed or assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

The differences between the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting are as follows:

- Encumbrances are recognized as valid and proper charges against budget appropriations in the year
  in which the purchase order is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are
  reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year but are shown as assignments of
  fund balance on a GAAP basis.
- In accordance with GASB Statement No. 24, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, the Town reports on-behalf contributions made by the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System as revenue and expenditures for GAAP purposes only.
- State Excess Cost Student Based grant is credited against the Board of Education's operating budget.
- Activities of Debt Management Fund are not budgeted with General Fund, but reported on a GAAP basis with General Fund in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.

#### **B.** Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following categories:

General administration services \$ 96 Transfers to other funds 3,977

### C. Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Health Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, had a deficit of \$285,849. This deficit will be covered by future charges to other funds mainly general fund.

### 3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by the Statutes or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

#### A. Deposits

#### **Deposit Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$16,260,198 of the Town's bank balance of \$22,098,078 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	14,534,178	
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's			
trust department, not in the Town's name	_	1,726,020	
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$	16,260,198	

#### **Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2016, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$81,584. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	& Poor's
Pershing (YHB Investment Advisors)	А
Bank of America N.A. Cash Management Assets	Α

C4 = ... al = ... al

## **B.** Investments

Investments as of June 30, 2016 in all funds are as follows:

				Investment Maturities (Years)				
	Credit		Fair	Less		More		
Investment Type	Rating	L _	Value	Than 1	1 - 10	Than 10		
Interest-bearing investments:								
Corporate bonds	AA	\$	31,739 \$	10,332 \$	21,407 \$			
Corporate bonds	BBB		10,871		10,871			
Corporate bonds	N/A		62,235		62,235			
Certificates of deposit	*	_	4,503,233	4,503,233				
Total		\$_	4,608,078 \$	4,513,565 \$	94,513 \$			

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to coverage by federal depository insurance and collateralization

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### **Credit Risk - Investments**

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has an investment policy that allows the same type of investments as State Statutes.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investments in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2016, the Town did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

The Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The new disclosure is presented below:

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

Investments	_	Fair Value		Level 1		Level 2	- <del>-</del>	Level 3
Corporate bonds Mutual funds	\$	104,845 26,018,866	\$	26,018,866	\$_	104,845	\$_	
Total		26,123,711	\$	26,018,866	\$_	104,845	\$_	
Investments not included above: Certificates of deposit	_	4,503,233	_					
Total Investments	\$_	30,626,944	=					

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified as level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing techniques. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

## 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General	. <u>-</u>	Sewer Operating	-	Housing Rehabilitation		Airport Operations	. <u>-</u>	Capital Projects	 Nonmajor and Other Funds		Total
Receivables:													
Interest	\$	1,241,644	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	1,241,644
Taxes		2,335,026											2,335,026
Accounts		594,207		1,145,114							119,260		1,858,581
Loans receivable						1,719,766							1,719,766
Intergovernmental	_	160,222				10,500		212,141		1,603,152	 377,623		2,363,638
Gross receivables	_	4,331,099		1,145,114	_'	1,730,266	_	212,141	_	1,603,152	 496,883	_	9,518,655
Less allowance for													
uncollectibles	_	(75,000)			_				-			-	(75,000)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	4,256,099	\$	1,145,114	\$	1,730,266	\$	212,141	\$	1,603,152	\$ 496,883	\$	9,443,655

## 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
	_	Dalalice	_	IIICIEases	-	Decreases	Dalatice
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	5,446,275	\$	741,494	\$	\$	6,187,769
Construction in progress		121,004		3,111,015		(1,893,678)	1,338,341
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	5,567,279		3,852,509	_	(1,893,678)	7,526,110
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		173,188,901		2,130,442		(1,404,599)	173,914,744
Improvements other then buildings		237,619				, , ,	237,619
Furniture, vehicles and equipment		11,754,013		805,257		(97,155)	12,462,115
Infrastructure		84,745,922		1,615,798		,	86,361,720
Total capital assets being depreciated		269,926,455		4,551,497	_	(1,501,754)	272,976,198
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		(58,837,102)		(5,569,416)		1,264,139	(63,142,379)
Improvements other then buildings		(210,646)		(16,503)			(227,149)
Furniture, vehicles and equipment		(8,362,070)		(584,214)		95,592	(8,850,692)
Infrastructure		(71,415,564)		(463,215)			(71,878,779)
Total accumulated depreciation		(138,825,382)	_	(6,633,348)	_	1,359,731	(144,098,999)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	131,101,073	_	(2,081,851)	_	(142,023)	128,877,199
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	136,668,352	\$	1,770,658	\$_	(2,035,701) \$	136,403,309

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	109,332
Public safety		346,662
Public works		1,972,509
Human services		5,223
Culture and recreation		199,373
Education	_	4,000,249
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	6,633,348

## **Construction Commitments**

The Town has several active construction projects as of June 30, 2016. The following is a summary of capital projects as of June 30, 2016.

			Expenditures		
		Annranriation	and Encumbrances		Unexpended Balance
	-	Appropriation	Encumbrances	-	Dalance
Capital and nonrecurring expenditures	\$	11,814,040	\$ 11,103,043	\$	710,997
Downtown Beautification		1,008,337	1,008,337		-
Board of Education Capital		5,216,039	4,776,962		439,077
Landfill Expansion		124,189	152,230		(28,041)
Sewer Capital		1,691,373	971,531		719,842
Tomlinson Avenue Bridge		129,818	110,938		18,880
Stillwell Drive Bridge		1,864,964	1,858,286		6,678
FEMA Property Acquisition Project		4,812,072	3,489,068		1,323,004
Cooke Street Reconstruction		1,368,290	716,807		651,483
Road Bond Project		2,029,090	1,554,370		474,720
Senior Center Parking Lot		125,864	124,321	-	1,543
Total	\$	30,184,076	\$ 25,865,893	\$	4,318,183

## 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

During the course of operations, transactions are processed through a fund on behalf of another fund. Additionally, revenues received in one fund are transferred to another fund. A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2016 is presented below:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund			Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Fund	\$	312,033 1,495,336 1,807,369
		-	1,007,000
Sewer Operating Fund	General Fund		33,381
Airport Operations Fund	General Fund		170,179
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		3,347,736
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		766,382
			4,317,678
		-	
Total		\$	6,125,047

Interfund receivables and payables generally represent temporary balances arising from reimbursement type transactions.

#### Interfund transfers:

	_		Transfer In		
	-	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor and Other Funds	Total Transfer Out
Transfer out: General Fund	\$	\$	2,364,359 \$	•	3,143,704
Capital Projects				10,000	10,000
Sewer Operating Fund		314,840	224,061		538,901
Nonmajor	_	5,381			5,381
Total Transfers In	\$_	320,221 \$	2,588,420 \$	789,345 \$	3,697,986

Transfers are used to 1) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the Town must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs and 2) move revenues from the Sewer Fund to General Fund and Sewer Capital Project Fund and other operational transfers between the funds.

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

## **General Obligation Bonds**

All general long-term bonds are secured by the general revenue raising powers of the Town, and payment is provided by General Fund and Sewer Fund revenues. No sinking funds have been established as of June 30, 2016.

## **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	 Additions	•	Reductions		Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Bonds payable:									
General obligation bonds	\$	31,500,000	\$ 5,025,000	\$	8,550,000	\$	27,975,000	\$	3,645,000
Unamortized bond premiums	_	1,044,607	445,977	_	224,494	_	1,266,090	_	234,629
Total bonds payable	-	32,544,607	 5,470,977		8,774,494		29,241,090	_	3,879,629
Long-term note payable		16,039,832			1,000,701		15,039,131		1,020,900
Capital leases		889,521			240,318		649,203		245,520
Net OPEB obligation		9,808,002	1,019,401				10,827,403		
Compensated absences		3,080,542	509,186		615,411		2,974,317		593,170
Net pension liability		4,999,603	 1,727,173	-			6,726,776	_	
Total Governmental Activities									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	67,362,107	\$ 8,726,737	\$	10,630,924	\$	65,457,920	\$	5,739,219

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Net OPEB obligation is generally liquidated by the internal service fund. Net pension liability is generally liquidated by the pension trust funds.

A schedule of bonds at June 30, 2016 is presented below:

Description	. <u>.</u>	Principal Amount
\$6,855,000 - Refunding Bonds issued May 25, 2007 and maturing April 1, 2021; various interest rates from 3.65% to 4% \$9,250,000 - High School and WPCA and collection system improvements issued June 1, 2007 and maturing April 15, 2017; various interest rates from	\$	3,375,000
3.75% to 5%		500,000
\$3,515,000 - Refunding Bonds issued October 28, 2010 and maturing July 15, 2017; various interest rates from 1.5% to 4%		1,010,000
\$12,000,000 - Plainville High School and Toffolon Elementary School issued October 28, 2010 and maturing July 15, 2030; various interest rates from 1.5% to 4%		9,000,000
\$12,535,000 - Refunding Bonds issued December 20, 2011 and maturing August 15, 2023; various interest rates from 3.0% to 4.0%		9,065,000
\$5,025,000 - Refunding Bonds issued September 15, 2015 and maturing April 15, 2027; various interest rates from 3.0% to 4.0%	-	5,025,000
Total Bond Indebtedness	\$_	27,975,000

The following is a schedule of future debt service requirements as of June 30, 2016:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$	3,645,000 \$	978,975 \$	4,623,975
2018	Ψ	3,650,000 ¢	851,275	4,501,275
2019		3,180,000	729,975	3,909,975
2020		3,250,000	608,075	3,858,075
2021		2,765,000	477,575	3,242,575
2022-2026		7,995,000	1,269,388	9,264,388
2027-2031	_	3,490,000	312,825	3,802,825
Total	\$_	27,975,000 \$	5,228,088 \$	33,203,088

## **General Obligation Bonds Refunding**

On September 15, 2015, the Town issued \$5,025,000 of general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates of 2.0-4.0%. The bonds were issued to pay outstanding principal amounts of the 2007A general obligation bonds of the Town. The net proceeds of \$5,361,417 (after an original issue premium of \$445,977 and payment of \$109,560 in underwriter's fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund under an escrow agreement dated September 15, 2015 between the Escrow Agent and the Town. The Escrow Agent will use such proceeds to purchase a portfolio of United States Treasury State and Local Government Securities. All investment income on and the maturing principal of the escrow securities held in the escrow deposit fund will be irrevocably deposited by the Town for payment of the refunded bonds. The Town refunded the above bonds to reduce total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$348,283 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$325,127. The refunded bonds are considered defeased. As of June 30, 2016, the amount of defeased debt outstanding but removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position is \$5,000,000 and the escrow balance is \$5,175,755.

## **Long-Term Note Payable**

The Town has three State of Connecticut Clean Water serial notes outstanding. These loans were issued to finance improvements of the sewer plant and pump station. The interest rate on the notes is 2% and is payable through October 1, 2030. The principal and interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$	1,020,900 \$	291,458 \$	1,312,358
2018		1,041,506	270,852	1,312,358
2019		1,062,529	249,830	1,312,359
2020		1,083,975	228,383	1,312,358
2021		1,105,854	206,505	1,312,359
2022-2026		5,862,276	688,577	6,550,853
2027-2031	_	3,862,091	126,987	3,989,078
Total	\$	15,039,131 \$	2,062,592 \$	17,101,723

### **General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes**

On May 18, 2016, The Town issued a bond anticipation note in the amount of \$2,000,000 to fund cash flows for capital expenses. The note matures on May 17, 2017 with an interest rate of 2.00%.

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	Debt Limit	Net Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose	\$ 99,261,511	\$ 5,335,000	\$ 93,926,511
Schools	198,523,022	22,615,000	175,908,022
Sewers	165,435,851	16,014,130	149,421,721
Urban renewal	143,377,738		143,377,738
Pension deficit	132,348,681		132,348,681

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation or \$308,813,589.

The definition of indebtedness above includes bonds and notes outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which debt is issued and outstanding. The Town has \$950,000 of authorized but unissued bonds at June 30, 2016.

## **Capital Lease**

During 2013, the Town entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment for the Fire Department valued at \$764,466. During 2015, the Town entered into a lease agreement as a lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment for the Police Department valued at \$740,348. This year, \$63,701 was included in depreciation expense and the accumulated depreciation of the leased assets at June 30, 2016 is \$126,976. These lease agreements qualify as a capital lease for accounting purpose and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Governmental Activities
2017	\$	258,746
2017	Φ	258,745 258,745
2019		155,329
Total minimum lease payments	_	672,820
Less amount representing interest	_	(23,617)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$_	649,203

#### 8. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

		General Fund		Sewer Operating		Housing Rehabilitation		Airport Operations		Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances:	_		•	<u> </u>	•		•		_				
Nonspendable:													
Inventory	\$		\$		\$		\$	:	\$		\$ 17,771	\$	17,771
Prepaids		48,562		2,652						51,776	33,009		135,999
Restricted for:													
Grants						17,705				545,769	1,235,747		1,799,221
Senior Citizens Special											154,596		154,596
Library Trust											756,452		756,452
Senior Citizen Transportation											55,038		55,038
Economic Development											268,402		268,402
Committed to:													
Land acquisition											19,587		19,587
Debt management		198,387											198,387
Sewer				2,565,050						950,362			3,515,412
Education capital										70,464	205,409		275,873
Linden Street School Renovation										214,325			214,325
Capital and nonrecurring projects										644,428			644,428
Cooke Street Reconstruction										651,483			651,483
Recreation											86,181		86,181
Social Services Emergency											18,701		18,701
Berner pool											157,934		157,934
Water operating											63,591		63,591
Police forfeiture											6,842		6,842
Airport operations								357,716					357,716
Library expansion											10,002		10,002
Assigned to:													
Subsequent year's budget		200,000											200,000
Education encumbrances		897,042											897,042
General government encumbrances	3	2,247											2,247
Public safety encumbrance		72,681											72,681
Other encumbrances		2,000											2,000
Unassigned	_	9,487,712							_	(1,463,411)		_	8,024,301
Total Fund Balances	\$_	10,908,631	\$	2,567,702	\$	17,705	\$	357,716	\$_	1,665,196	\$ 3,089,262	\$_	18,606,212

#### 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain the risks for employee health and medical claims. Additionally, the Town retains the risk for deductibles on all other insurance policies and all risk for heart and hypertension claims. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year for the categories risk insured commercially. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. Since fiscal year 1993, the Health Insurance and Self Insurance Reserve Internal Service Funds have been utilized to report the self-insurance activity.

Under the Health Insurance Fund, Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield administers the plan, for which the Town pays a fee. The Town, Board of Education and Cafeteria Fund contribute based on Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield estimates made using the Town's historical data. The Town covers all claims up to \$250,000 for hospitalization per year with a stop-loss policy covering amounts exceeding this limit. In addition, the Town has an agreement with Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield that claims exceeding 110% of the total estimated claims for the plan year will be paid after the plan year in 24 monthly installments with no interest.

The Self Insurance Reserve Fund provides coverage for all deductibles on commercial insurance policies and all heart and hypertension claims. The Town additionally pays all retroactive commercial insurance policy adjustments from this fund. Commercial insurance policy deductibles are set at \$25,000. The Town purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund and for all other risks of loss.

All funds of the Town participate in the Internal Service Funds and make payments based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish and provide for catastrophe losses. Additionally, the GASB Statement No. 10 requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the funds' claims liability were as follows:

	 Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	<u> </u>	Claim Payments	 Liability June 30,	
2014-2015 2015-2016	\$ 391,408 399,082	\$ 6,034,575 6,606,201	\$	6,026,901 6,429,726	\$ 399,082 575,557	

#### 10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

## A. Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

The Town of Plainville is the administrator of two single-employer Public Employee Retirement Systems (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its employees. The PERS are considered to be part of the Town of Plainville's financial reporting entity and are included in the Town's financial reports as Pension Trust Funds. These plans were established by the authority of the Town Council.

Management of the plans rests with the management team consisting of the Town Manager, the Assistant Town Manager and the Director of Finance. One union member per union is invited to participate and sit in on all meetings.

Combining Schedule of Net Position	Combining	Schedule	of Net	Position
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	F	Municipal Employees Pension Trust Fund	_	Police Pension Trust Fund	_	Total
Assets: Investments	\$_	12,016,202	\$ <u>_</u>	13,495,366	\$	25,511,568
Net Position: Restricted for Pension Plan Benefits	\$_	12,016,202	\$_	13,495,366	\$_	25,511,568

## **Combining Schedule of Changes in Net Position**

	F —	Municipal Employees Pension Trust Fund	_	Police Pension Trust Fund		Total
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	388,078	\$	486,658	\$	874,736
Employee		95,958	-	157,881	, ,	253,839
Total contributions	_	484,036	-	644,539		1,128,575
Investment income:						
Net change in fair value of						
investments		(230,480)		(256,645)		(487,125)
Interest and dividends		252,509		281,176		533,685
Net investment income	_	22,029	-	24,531		46,560
Total additions	_	506,065	-	669,070		1,175,135
Deductions:						
Benefit payments		1,065,586		1,025,873		2,091,459
Administration		67,532		52,554		120,086
Total deductions	_	1,133,118	-	1,078,427		2,211,545
Change in net position		(627,053)		(409,357)		(1,036,410)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	_	12,643,255	_	13,904,723		26,547,978
Net Position, End of Year	\$	12,016,202	\$	13,495,366	\$	25,511,568

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,483,193. At June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

Deferred Outflow	ws o	f Resources			
		Employees' Pension Plan	Police Retirement Plan		Total
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	35,264	\$ 261,626	\$	296,890
actual earning on pension plan investments		1,077,214	1,194,067	_	2,271,281
Total	\$	1,112,478	\$ 1,455,693	\$_	2,568,171
Deferred Inflow	s of	Resources			
		Employees' Pension	Police Retirement		
	•	Plan	Plan	_	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	26,332 20,658	\$ 272,304	\$_	298,636 20,658
Total	\$	46,990	\$ 272,304	\$_	319,294
Net Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources	\$	1,065,488	\$ 1,183,389	\$_	2,248,877

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		
2017	\$	613,794
2018		625,520
2019		625,521
2020		386,473
2021	_	(2,431)
	-	-
Total	\$_	2,248,877

At July 1, 2015, PERS membership consisted of:

	<u>Municipal</u>	Police
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving	82	36
them	10	
Current employees	27	35
Total	117	71

Effective 12/31/1998, the Municipal Employees Pension Plan was closed to new entrants.

The Town of Plainville Municipal Employees Pension System covers all Town employees and noncertified members of the Board of Education. The Town provides all employee retirement benefits through a single employer, contributory defined benefit plan. After December 1998, new employees participate in the Town's defined contribution plan. Under the plan, all employees having six months of service are eligible. Employees are 100% vested after five years of service. For participants in the plan who retired prior to January 1, 1990, the retirement benefit is 3/4% of final average earnings up to the covered compensation level plus 1-1/2% of final average earnings in excess of the covered compensation level, multiplied by years of service.

For participants in the plan who retire after December 31, 1989, the retirement benefit is 1 3/4% of average annual earnings multiplied by years of credited service. Average annual earnings means the highest average of basic annual rate of compensation received on any three consecutive July firsts prior to termination.

The Town of Plainville Police Pension System covers all police employees. The Town provides retirement, death and disability benefits through a single employer, contributory defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all employees having six months of service are eligible to join. Policemen are 25% vested after five years of service, 50% vested after seven years of service and 100% vested after ten years of service. Police employees who retire at normal retirement (the earlier of age 55 or 25 years of service) receive a retirement benefit of 2.25% of final base average earnings times years of service.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters**

## **Basis of Accounting**

Both PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues when due which is the period when employee services are performed. Benefit payments and refunds are payable when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the PERS. The PERS does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement.

#### **Method Used to Value Investments**

Investments are reported at market value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

## **Funding Status and Progress**

Employees covered under the Municipal and Police plans are required to contribute 4.5% and 6.0%, respectively, of their earnings to the PERS. If an employee leaves covered employment or dies before meeting the vesting requirements, accumulated employee contributions and interest thereon are refunded. The Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees. Benefits and employee contributions are fixed by contract and may be amended by union negotiation. The Town Council is the authoritative body governing all plans. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

#### Investments

### **Investment Policy**

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the PERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the PERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2016:

Asset Class	Municipal Employees Target Allocation	Police Target Allocation
Large Cap Domestic Equity	30%	30%
Mid Cap Domestic Equity	6%	6%
Small Cap Domestic Equity	9%	9%
International Equity	12%	12%
Core Fixed Income	43%	43%
Total Allocation	100%	100%

The plans did not have any concentrations that warranted disclosure.

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was as follows:

	Rate of Return
Municipal Employees	0.18%
Police	0.18%

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

## **Net Pension Liability of the Town**

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	_	Municipal Employees	Police	 Total
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$_	15,443,963 \$ 12,016,202	16,794,381 13,495,366	\$ 32,238,344 25,511,568
Net Pension Liability	\$_	3,427,761	3,299,015	\$ 6,726,776
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.81%	80.36%	79.13%

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for Administrative Employees and Police were determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015 and measurement date of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2. 5%
Salary increases	4.0%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of pension plan investment
	management fees

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The plans have not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed. Best estimates of the real rates of return for each major asset class are included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Municipal Employees Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	_	Police Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	•
Large Cap Domestic Equity	6.00	%	6.00	%
Mid Cap Domestic Equity	6.50		6.50	
Small Cap Domestic Equity	6.75		6.75	
International Equity	5.75		5.75	
Core Fixed Income	2.30		2.30	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Municipal E	al Employees' Pension Plan							
		Increase (Decrease)						
	•	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability				
		(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)				
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$	15,459,291 \$	12,643,255 \$	2,816,036				
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		108,578		108,578				
Interest on total pension liability		1,165,989		1,165,989				
Differences between expected and actual experience		(100,363)		(100,363)				
Changes in assumptions		(123,946)		(123,946)				
Employer contributions			388,078	(388,078)				
Member contributions			95,958	(95,958)				
Net investment income			22,029	(22,029)				
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions		(1,065,586)	(1,065,586)	-				
Administrative expenses			(67,532)	67,532				
Net changes	·	(15,328)	(627,053)	611,725				
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$	15,443,963 \$	12,016,202 \$	3,427,761				

Poli	ce Pe	ension Plan					
		Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)			
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$	16,088,290 \$	13,904,723 \$	2,183,567			
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		396,619		396,619			
Interest on total pension liability		1,238,569		1,238,569			
Differences between expected and actual experience		(125,924)		(125,924)			
Changes of benefit terms		220,737		220,737			
Change in assumptions		1,963		1,963			
Employer contributions			486,658	(486,658)			
Member contributions			157,881	(157,881)			
Net investment income			24,531	(24,531)			
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions		(1,025,873)	(1,025,873)	-			
Administrative expenses			(52,554)	52,554			
Net changes		706,091	(409,357)	1,115,448			
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$	16,794,381 \$	13,495,366 \$	3,299,015			

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75% for Municipal Employees and Police, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Current					
	_	1% Decrease 6.75%		Discount Rate 7.75%		1% Increase 8.75%	
Municipal Employees Net Pension Liability	\$	4,788,713	\$	3,427,761	\$	2,233,572	
Police's Net Pension Liability		5,238,964		3,299,015		1,677,382	

### **B.** Defined Contribution Plan

By local ordinance, the Town authorized a defined contribution plan for all employees other than Police. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. As of June 30, 2016, there were 93 members in the plan. All employees other than Police must join the defined contribution plan after six months of employment.

The local ordinance requires the employee to contribute 4.5% to 6.5% of earnings and the Town to contribute 7% to 9%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the contributions were \$210,439 and \$549,601, respectively. Earnings do not include any overtime wages. For new employees, the Town's contributions along with the related earnings are fully vested after five years of continuous service. Town contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before five years of service are used to reduce the Town's current period contribution requirements.

Pursuant to the administrative service agreement and the plan and trust adoption agreement, the ICMA Retirement Corporation administers the plan.

### C. Teachers' Retirement

### **Plan Description**

All Town of Plainville Board of Education certified employees participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

#### **Benefit Provisions**

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

#### **Normal Retirement**

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

## **Early Retirement**

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

#### **Disability Retirement**

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

#### **Contributions**

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

#### **Employees**

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town 49,164,659

Total \$ 49,164,659

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2016, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$3,939,328 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increase 3.75-7.00%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.50%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA, with a two-year setback for males and females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

Future cost-of-living increases for members who retire on or after September 1, 1992 are assumed to be an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities	21.0%	5.8%
Developed non-U.S. equities	18.0%	6.6%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.3%
Core fixed income	7.0%	1.3%
Inflation linked bond fund	3.0%	1.0%
Emerging market bond	5.0%	3.7%
High yield bonds	5.0%	3.9%
Real estate	7.0%	5.1%
Private equity	11.0%	7.6%
Alternative investments	8.0%	4.1%
Liquidity fund	6.0%	0.4.%
Total	100.0%	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0 and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

#### Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

#### 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### A. Plan Description

The Town and Board of Education provide postretirement health care benefits, in accordance with various labor and personnel contracts, to employees meeting specific service and age requirements. The other postemployment benefits plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town of Plainville. The Town does not issue stand-alone financial statements for this program.

At July 1, 2014, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Healthcare Plan
Active plan members Retired members	482 45
Total Participants	527

## **B.** Funding Policy

The Town's funding and payment of postemployment benefits for the year ended June 30, 2016 are accounted for in the Internal Service Fund on a pay-as-you go basis. As of June 30, 2016, the Town has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with the post employment benefits, which would require the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees.

## C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town of Plainville's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

		Retiree Healthcare Plan
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	1,277,963 392,320 (545,495)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	_	1,124,788 (105,387)
Change in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	_	1,019,401 9,808,002
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$_	10,827,403

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation is presented below:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contribut	;	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/2014 6/30/2015 6/30/2016	\$ 1,426,602 1,435,392 1,124,788	\$ 295,153 74,424 105,387	21% 5 9	\$	8,447,034 9,808,002 10,827,403

## **Schedule of Funding Progress**

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	 (Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (a-b)	Percentage Funded (a/b)	_	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
7/01/10	\$ -	\$ 16,375,827	\$ (16,375,827)	0.0%	\$	28,220,359	(58)%
7/01/12	-	15,503,060	(15,503,060)	0.0		24,578,387	(63)
7/01/14	-	12,117,589	(12,117,589)	0.0		27,804,558	(44)

### **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

Year Ended June 30,		Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
0011	Φ.	4 770 500	0.050/
2011	\$	1,776,562	3.05%
2012		1,812,240	11.51
2013		1,849,525	18.22
2014		1,540,852	19.16
2015		1,567,313	4.75
2016		1,277,963	8.25

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The annual required contribution (ARC) reflects a 30-year, level dollar amortization, open of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (AAL). The actuarial assumptions include a 4.0% interest rate and a 3% inflation rate. The annual healthcare cost trend rate is 9% for 2014, reducing 1% per year with an ultimate rate of 5% for 2022 and later.

#### 12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Town of Plainville is a defendant in a number of lawsuits. It is the opinion of management that such pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result in a judgment or judgments against the Town, which would materially affect its financial position.

#### 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On August 23, 2016, the Town issued \$5,965,000 of general obligation refunding bonds. The refunding bonds were issued with interest rates of 2-4% and call for principal and interest payments through June 30, 2030.

Required Supplementary Information

## TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Original	Amended	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Property taxes:					
Revenues from property taxes	\$	42,762,948 \$	42,762,948	\$ 42,896,288	\$ 133,340
Prior years' levy		500,000	500,000	752,334	252,334
Interest and liens fees		280,500	280,500	464,605	184,105
Total property taxes	_	43,543,448	43,543,448	44,113,227	569,779
Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services: Licenses and permits:					
Building		200,200	200,200	363,725	163,525
Police		5,000	5,000	16,845	11,845
Town Clerk		1,400	1,400	1,943	543
Total licenses and permits	_	206,600	206,600	382,513	175,913
rotal moonood and pommo	_				
Fines and fees:					
Building		1,200	1,200	710	(490)
Police service charge		32,000	32,000	74,985	42,985
Police fines and impoundment fees		5,500	5,500	3,158	(2,342)
Town Clerk		95,000	95,000	106,166	11,166
Planning and Zoning fees		5,000	5,000	10,475	5,475
Zoning Board of Appeals		3,000	3,000	1,704	(1,296)
Tipping and solid waste license		7,750	7,750	16,107	8,357
Senior Center		20,000	20,000	18,751	(1,249)
Conveyance tax		135,000	135,000	157,892	22,892
Condominium trash		47,500	47,500	51,295	3,795
Miscellaneous		184,000	184,000	739,202	555,202
Total fines and fees		535,950	535,950	1,180,445	644,495
	_				
Total licenses, fees and charges for goods and services	_	742,550	742,550	1,562,958	820,408
Intergovernmental revenues:					
State of Connecticut:					
Elderly tax relief:					
Freeze		2,500	2,500	2,000	(500)
Circuit breaker		150,000	150,000	158,090	8,090
Tax relief - disability		3,600	3,600	3,764	164
Tax relief - disability Tax relief - veterans		22,000	22,000	23,331	1,331
					1,331
Property tax relief		541,936	541,936	541,936	-

## TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Original		Amended		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Intergovernmental revenues: (continued)	_		_		-		į	(011011011010)
State-owned property	\$	16,382	\$	16,382	\$		\$	(16,382)
Youth services		30,000		30,000		29,037		(963)
Tax share telephone access line		55,000		55,000		44,231		(10,769)
Local capital improvement program		124,459		124,459		124,459		-
Education:								
Education equalization		10,405,528		10,405,528		10,443,685		38,157
Special Education								-
School transportation		164,937		164,937		147,764		(17,173)
Plane registration		8,200		8,200		8,020		(180)
Mashantucket Pequot Grant		89,305		89,305		80,726		(8,579)
Miscellaneous grants	_	30,000	_	30,000	_	28,414		(1,586)
Total intergovernmental revenues	-	11,643,847	-	11,643,847	-	11,635,457		(8,390)
Miscellaneous revenues:								
Housing Authority		34,496		34,496		41,792		7,296
Revenues from use of money		25,500		25,500		59,320		33,820
Sale of property						2,345		2,345
Other:								
General Government						924		924
Cancelled Prior Year Encumbrances	_		_		_	3,750		3,750
Total miscellaneous revenues	-	59,996	-	59,996	-	108,131		48,135
Other financing sources:								
Use of fund balance		200,000		200,000				(200,000)
Transfers in	_	314,840	_	314,840	_	320,221		5,381
Total other financing sources	_	514,840	_	514,840	_	320,221		(194,619)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$_	56,504,681	\$_	56,504,681	=	57,739,994	\$	1,235,313
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues are of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to Retirement System for Town teachers are no Cancellation of prior year encumbrances are no State Excess Cost - Student Based grant Issuance of refunding bonds Premium on refunding bonds Debt Management Fund revenues	the ot bu	Connecticut Sudgeted				3,939,328 (3,750) 639,655 5,025,000 445,977 35		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources a of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Finds - Exhibit IV					\$	67,786,239		

## TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Original	 Amended	. <u>.</u>	Actual	· <del>-</del>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
General government:							
Town Council	\$	72,881	\$ 72,881	\$	71,378	\$	1,503
Planning and Zoning		3,600	3,600		2,831		769
Zoning Board of Appeals		3,300	3,300		3,263		37
Inland Wetlands Commission		1,900	1,900		1,113		787
Board of Tax Review		2,066	2,066		2,036		30
Conservation Commission		2,700	2,700		2,464		236
Veterans Council		4,950	4,950		4,947		3
Probate Court		7,810	7,810		7,810		-
Town Manager		212,075	214,575		213,898		677
Human Resources		89,295	89,295		86,211		3,084
Elections		62,040	63,040		62,499		541
Town Counsel		129,825	129,825		128,907		918
Town Treasurer		5,575	5,575		5,574		1
Finance		183,220	183,220		180,889		2,331
Assessments		200,739	203,739		202,391		1,348
Revenue collection		125,635	115,635		113,115		2,520
Town Clerk		191,181	192,181		190,976		1,205
Data processing		197,204	172,204		171,392		812
Insurance		592,768	612,768		612,268		500
General administration services		80,783	66,283		66,379		(96)
Town Historian		2,000					-
Economic Development Agency		46,000	46,000		45,774		226
Recycling Committee	_	750	750		696	_	54
Total	_	2,218,297	2,194,297	_	2,176,811	-	17,486
Public safety:							
Police		3,834,119	4,079,119		4,072,459		6,660
Fire and Civil Preparedness		373,290	333,290		319,636		13,654
Fire Marshal		68,680	69,180		68,738		442
Animal Control		80,648	104,648		104,406		242
Ambulance service	_	14,152	14,152		14,152	_	
Total	_	4,370,889	4,600,389	_	4,579,391	_	20,998

## TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	-	Original	-	Amended	i	Actual	•	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Public works:								
Physical and technical services administration	\$	264,440	\$	280,440	\$	279,263	\$	1,177
Roadways	Ψ	857,759	*	859,259	Ψ	834,363	Ψ	24,896
Buildings and grounds		978,130		938,130		927,779		10,351
Municipal Building maintenance		1,561,380		1,944,707		1,911,365		33,342
Planning		60,625		59,125		58,357		768
Building inspections		82,420		82,420		81,710		710
Engineering		74,200		74,200		73,004		1,196
Motor vehicle and equipment pool		135,260		135,260		134,897		363
Transfer station		70,435		61,435		60,379		1,056
Total		4,084,649	-	4,434,976		4,361,117		73,859
Human comissas								
Human services:		100 005		400 005		100 005		
Health and sanitation Senior citizens service		120,285 280,553		120,285 280,553		120,285 276,576		2.077
Social services		26,290		27,090		26,562		3,977 528
Solid waste management		1,154,425		1,127,525		1,122,889		4,636
Youth services		1,134,423		1,127,323		113,654		4,636 476
Other health and welfare		52,900		52,900		52,069		831
Total	-	1,748,583	-	1,722,483	in .	1,712,035	•	10,448
lotai	-	1,740,303	-	1,722,403		1,7 12,033	•	10,440
Culture and recreation:								
Recreation	_	149,080	_	149,080		147,672		1,408
-1	_		_					
Education: School budget*		34,332,736		34,332,736	*	34,326,206		6,530
School budget	-	34,332,730	-	34,332,730		34,320,200	•	0,330
Other:								
Employee benefits		3,148,785		3,436,885		3,433,557		3,328
Unclassified		30,000		30,000		18,786		11,214
Total	-	3,178,785	-	3,466,885		3,452,343		14,542
Debtermin	-		_					
Debt service:		4 444 044		4 444 044		4.405.004		(A A ¬¬¬\
Interest		1,111,044		1,111,044		1,125,821		(14,777)
Principal	-	3,601,250	-	3,406,222	ı	3,391,445		14,777
Total	-	4,712,294	-	4,517,266	ji	4,517,266		

(Continued on next page)

## TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	-	Original	_	Amended		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Other financing uses:							
Transfers out:							
Library Trust Fund	\$	659,050	\$	659,050	\$	659,050	\$ -
Education Fund*		34,000		34,000	*	34,000	-
Recreation Fund		88,156		283,184		283,184	-
Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditures							
Fund		900,000		2,221,359		2,221,359	-
Senior Citizens Transportation Fund		27,662		27,662		27,662	-
Other funds	-	500	_	109,500		113,477	(3,977)
Total	-	1,709,368	_	3,334,755		3,338,732	(3,977)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	56,504,681	\$_	58,752,867	:	58,611,573	\$ 141,294
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Retirement System for Town teachers are no Encumbrances for purchases and commitment	e Co ot bu ts o	onnecticut Stat udgeted rdered but not	e T	eachers' eived are		3,939,328	
reported in the year the order is placed for by year the order is received for financial report State Excess Cost - Student Based grant	_		s, bu	it in the		(532,554) 639,655	
Bond refunding issue cost						109,560	
Payment to bond escrow agent						5,361,417	
Debt Management Fund transfers out					_	(195,028)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Furunds - Exhibit IV		•			\$ <u>_</u>	67,933,951	

<sup>\*</sup> Board of Education budget encompasses both items

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$	108,578	\$ 132.077	127.611
Interest	Ψ.	1,165,989	1.169.346	1,141,910
Differences between expected and actual experience		(100,363)	(57,635)	1,111,010
Changes of assumptions		(123,946)	211,582	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(1,065,586)	(943,501)	(919,047)
Net change in total pension liability		(15,328)	511,869	350,474
Total pension liability - beginning	_	15,459,291	14,947,422	14,596,948
Total pension liability - ending		15,443,963	15,459,291	14,947,422
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		388,078	414,054	461,309
Contributions - member		95,958	115,312	115,181
Net investment income		22,029	444,282	1,750,644
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,065,586)	(943,501)	(919,047)
Administrative expense	_	(67,532)	(64,958)	(52,303)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(627,053)	(34,811)	1,355,784
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	12,643,255	12,678,066	11,322,282
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		12,016,202	12,643,255	12,678,066
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	3,427,761	\$ 2,816,036	\$ 2,269,356
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.81%	81.78%	84.82%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,546,978	\$ 1,302,116	\$ 1,364,785
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		221.58%	216.27%	166.28%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Changes of assumptions: In 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to assumed life expectancies as a result of adopting the PR-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with no collar adjustment, combined, table for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE

### LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
Total pension liability:						
Service cost	\$	396,619	\$	307,211	\$	295,395
Interest	•	1,238,569	*	1,218,103	*	1,176,313
Changes of benefit terms		220,737		, -,		, -,-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(125,924)		(263,541)		
Changes of assumptions		1,963		400,614		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,025,873)		(967,721)		(954,825)
Net change in total pension liability	_	706,091		694,666	-	516,883
Total pension liability - beginning		16,088,290		15,393,624		14,876,741
Total pension liability - ending	_	16,794,381		16,088,290	-	15,393,624
Plan fiduciary net position:						
Contributions - employer		486,658		511,310		511,310
Contributions - member		157,881		145,519		140,430
Net investment income		24,531		480,502		1,872,199
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,025,873)		(967,721)		(954,825)
Administrative expense		(52,554)		(46,226)		(43,313)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(409,357)		123,384	_	1,525,801
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		13,904,723		13,781,339		12,255,538
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	13,495,366		13,904,723	-	13,781,339
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	3,299,015	\$_	2,183,567	\$	1,612,285
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.36%		86.43%		89.53%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,328,738	\$	2,134,699	\$	1,667,990
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		141.67%		102.29%		96.66%

### **Notes to Schedule**

Changes of assumptions: In 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to assumed life expectancies as a result of adopting the PR-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with no collar adjustment, combined, table for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		FISCAL YEAR																		
		2016	_	2015		2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011		2010	_	2009		2008		2007
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	388,078	\$	379,054	\$	421,309	\$	527,722	\$	488,088	\$	424,803	\$	404,120	\$	316,014 \$	;	294,177 \$	;	210,583
determined contribution	_	388,078	_	414,054		461,309	_	527,722	_	488,088	_	424,803	_	404,120	_	316,014		294,177	_	210,583
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$_	(35,000)	\$	(40,000)	\$_		\$_	-	\$_		\$		\$_	\$	<b>;</b>		<u> </u>	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,546,978	\$	1,302,116	\$ 1	1,364,785	\$	1,699,817	\$	1,842,379	\$	1,826,777	\$	2,099,669	\$	2,185,349 \$	5 2	2,196,507 \$	; ;	2,235,401
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		25.09%		31.80%		33.80%		31.05%		26.49%		23.25%		19.25%		14.46%		13.39%		9.42%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Valuation date: July 1, 2015 Measurement date: June 30, 2016

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 3.5%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Current: PR-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with no collar adjustment, combined, table for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected to the

valuation date with Scale AA

Prior: RP2000 Combined Mortality projected using Scale AA to the valuation date

#### Other information:

Mortality

Previous to the 2014 valuation an 8% investment rate of return and 4% salary increase was utilized

Mortality Improvement Fiscal Year 2016: Projected to date of decrement using Scale AA (generational mortality)

Prior: Projected using Scale AA for 10 years beyond the valuation date

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			FISCAL YEAR																	
	_	2016		2015	_	2014	-	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	486,658	\$	451,397	\$	438,012	\$	464,826	\$	432,284	\$	374,226	\$	374,262	\$	259,160	\$	274,317	\$	236,905
determined contribution	_	486,658		511,310	_	511,310	-	464,826	_	432,284		374,226	_	374,262	_	259,160	_	274,317	_	236,905
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_		\$	(59,913)	\$_	(73,298)	\$	-	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	-	\$_		\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,328,738	\$	2,134,699	\$	1,667,990	\$	1,617,441	\$	1,686,555	\$	1,647,271	\$	1,711,289	\$	1,419,204	\$	1,496,398	\$	1,511,468
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		20.90%		23.95%		30.65%		28.74%		25.63%		22.72%		21.87%		18.26%		18.33%		15.67%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Valuation date: July 1, 2015 Measurement date: June 30, 2016

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 4.0%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Age 55 or completion of 25 years of service, if earlier

Current: PR-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with no collar adjustment, combined, table for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected

to the valuation date with Scale AA

Prior: RP2000 Combined Mortality projected using Scale AA to the valuation date

Other information:

Mortality

Previous to the 2014 valuation an 8% investment rate of return

Mortality Improvement Fiscal Year 2016: Projected to date of decrement using Scale AA (generational mortality)

Prior: Projected using Scale AA for 10 years beyond the valuation date

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS\*

	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	0.18%	3.57%	15.75%

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS'

	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	0.18%	3.54%	15.54%

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2016	_	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town  Total	_	49,164,659	<u> </u>	45,442,874
Total	\$=	49,164,659	\$_	45,442,874
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	17,793,753	\$	16,977,886
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		59.50%		61.51%

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Changes in benefit terms	None
Changes of assumptions	During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent of salary, closed
Remaining amortization period	22.4 years
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market

### Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

**General Fund** 

### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is the principal fund of the Town and is used to account for all activities of the Town not included in other specified funds. The General Fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the Town (i.e., education, police, recreation, public works, general government, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes on individuals and businesses and grants from other governmental units.

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

30NE 30, 2010 AND 2013			
	2016	· <u>-</u>	2015
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,530,461	\$	11,621,258
Investments	2,539,014		2,717,495
Accounts receivable, net:			
Property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible			
of \$75,000 in 2016 and 2015	2,260,026		2,264,088
Interest receivable	1,241,644		1,146,751
Accounts receivable	594,207		307,567
Due from other governments	160,222		313,732
Due from other funds	1,807,369		988,606
Prepaid items	48,562	_	20,394
Total Assets	\$ 19,181,505	\$_	19,379,891
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALAN	ICE		
Liabilities:		•	4 400 454
	\$ 706,505	\$	1,493,154
Due to other governments	48,257		40,844
Due to other funds	4,317,678	-	3,506,707
Total liabilities	5,072,440	_	5,040,705
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	3,200,434		3,221,262
Advance property tax collections		_	61,581
<del>-</del>	0.000.404	_	0.000.040
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,200,434	-	3,282,843
Fund balance:			
Nonspendable	48,562		20,394
Committed	198,387		147,710
Assigned:			
Assigned for subsequent years budget	200,000		200,000
Board of Education Encumbrances	897,042		387,622
Town Encumbrances	76,928		57,544
Unassigned	9,487,712	_	10,243,073
Total fund balance	10,908,631	· <u>-</u>	11,056,343
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 19,181,505	\$_	19,379,891

TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Uncollected		Lawful (	Cor	rections		Transfers				Net				Colle	ctic	ns			Uncollected
Grand		Taxes				5 1 4		То				Amount	_	_				Lien			Taxes
List	-	July 1, 2015		Additions		Deductions		Suspense	<u>A</u>	djustments	_	Collectible	-	Taxes		Interest	_	Fees	-	Total	 une 30, 2016
2014	\$	43,640,525	* \$	167,048	\$	136,204	\$	1,927	\$		\$	43,669,442	\$	42,766,974	\$	149,509	\$	21,388	\$	42,937,871	\$ 902,468
2013		976,951		5,257		10,698		402				971,108		487,864		116,549		7,104		611,517	483,244
2012		516,394		148		3,002		94,184				419,356		127,886		58,146		1,771		187,803	291,470
2011		282,174		6		1,894		21,058				259,228		53,850		37,238		519		91,607	205,378
2010		220,936				123		14,277				206,536		45,142		18,785		312		64,239	161,394
2009		127,829						13,704				114,125		20,690		16,099		192		36,981	93,435
2008		83,862						15				83,847		10,700		9,435		144		20,279	73,147
2007		46,179						14				46,165		1,302		1,230		5		2,537	44,863
2006		25,078						14				25,064		29		42		5		76	25,035
2005		11,476										11,476		43		72		5		120	11,433
2004		7,347										7,347								-	7,347
2003		9,192						222				8,970		331		1,012		34		1,377	8,639
2002		18,290										18,290		4,497		5,974				10,471	13,793
2001		4,343										4,343								_	4,343
2000	_	9,037							_		_	9,037	_				_		_	-	 9,037
Total	\$_	45,979,613	\$	172,459	\$	151,921	\$	145,817	\$_		\$_	45,854,334		43,519,308		414,091		31,479		43,964,878	\$ 2,335,026
						Suspense coll	ecti	ions					_	17,655	_	17,629	_	1,406		36,690	
						Total Collection	ns						\$_	43,536,963	\$	431,720	\$_	32,885		44,001,568	
						Property taxes	s re	ceivable - con	sider	ed available:											
						June 30, 20	015	;												(189,577)	
						June 30, 20	016	i											-	301,236	
						Total Property	Та	x Revenue											\$	44,113,227	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes motor vehicle supplement in the amount of \$545,011

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED WITH APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	•	Original Appropriation	·	Final Appropriation	Expenditures and Encumbrances	expended Balance
Salaries	\$	22,735,909	\$	22,735,909	\$ 23,260,616 \$	(524,707)
Employee benefits		5,437,092		5,437,092	5,440,288	(3,196)
Instructional program services and						
curriculum improvement		55,450		64,435	44,313	20,122
Professional operating service		129,800		116,166	167,617	(51,451)
Technical services and data						
processing		260,360		253,115	248,450	4,665
Utilities		42,600		42,600	66,535	(23,935)
Refuse collection		65,600		65,200	65,539	(339)
Repairs		350,944		361,549	380,659	(19,110)
Rental/lease		39,000		37,773	55,423	(17,650)
Construction and other property services		84,699		81,804	78,919	2,885
Transportation		1,700,177		1,702,677	1,709,566	(6,889)
Insurance		158,523		158,523	150,383	8,140
Telephone		27,500		27,500	35,360	(7,860)
Postage		26,824		26,824	29,611	(2,787)
Advertising		1,000		1,000	500	500
Printing and binding		26,835		25,822	21,143	4,679
Tuition		1,025,948		1,665,603	1,233,323	432,280
Conferences and travel		57,550		57,550	50,563	6,987
Other purchased services		57,500		57,500	59,016	(1,516)
Supplies		802,826		824,463	822,017	2,446
Energy		934,485		934,485	720,666	213,819
Books and periodicals		169,683		175,303	135,079	40,224
Capital outlay		117,927		94,994	153,707	(58,713)
Dues and fees		58,504		58,504	70,568	 (12,064)
Total		34,366,736		35,006,391	34,999,861	6,530
Less excess cost student based						
included above	•		į	(639,655)	(639,655)	 -
Total Reported in RSI-2	\$	34,366,736	\$	34,366,736	\$ 34,360,206 \$	 6,530

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are designated or legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The nature and purpose of each Special Revenue Fund is as follows:

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Special Education	State and federal grant	School related programs
School Cafeteria	Sale of food and grants	School lunch programs
Police Welfare	State funds	Aid injured police officers
Town Aid Road	State grant	Construction improvement or
	Julius grann	maintenance of roads
Recreation	User fees	Recreation programs
Social Services Emergency	Donations	Employee assistance
Berner Pool	Estate proceeds	Pool construction and maintenance
Water Operating	User fees	Water supplied by out-of-town
		water companies and the
		collections from users of the water
Police Forfeiture	Assets seized by the police in	Police enforcement
	drug enforcement activities	
Recreation Concert	Donations	Used to pay for concerts in the
_	_	park
Drug Abuse Grant	Grant proceeds	Prevention of youthful drug and
		alcohol use
Miscellaneous Grants	Grant proceeds and donations	Miscellaneous Town activities
Turf Field Maintenance	Charges for services and	Maintenance of Turf Field
	donations	
Land Acquisition	Grants and transfers	Land acquisition
Senior Citizens Special	Donations	Transportation of senior citizens
Library Trust	Grants, donations and	Benefit the library
	transfers	
Senior Citizens Transportation	Donations and grants	Transportation for senior citizens
Economic Development	Donations	To support economic development
		of Town
BOE Private Grants and	Private grant, donations and	Miscellaneous Education programs
School Rental	user fees	and rental of school buildings

TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

								;	Spe	ecial Revenue						
	Special Education		School afeteria	Poli Welf		. <u>.</u>	Town Aid Road	Recreation	<u>ı</u> .	Social Services Emergency	Berner Pool	Water Operatin		Police Forfeiture	Recreation Concert	Drug Abuse Grant
ASSETS																
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 167,507 \$	5 1	152,030 \$	14,7	711	\$	158,781 \$	80,816	\$	18,701 \$	157,934	\$ 58,36	9 \$	6,842	\$	
Accounts and other receivable								2				5,69	8			
Due from other governments Due from other funds	270,106		53,379 17,771				452,271	6,183							5,319	16,826
Inventory Prepaid items			17,771					200							730	
Total Assets	\$ 437,613	S_2	223,180 \$	14,7	711	\$_	611,052 \$	87,201	\$	18,701 \$	157,934	\$ 64,06	<u>7</u> (	6,842	6,049 \$	16,826
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities:  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Due to other funds	\$ - / +	5	\$	5		\$	108 \$	820	\$	\$		\$ 470	6 \$	\$	\$	
Unearned revenue	270,106 6,123															
Total liabilities	437,613				-	_	108	820		<u>-</u>	-	47	6			-
Fund Balance: Nonspendable			17,771					200							730	
Restricted		•	205 400	14,7	711		610,944	00.404		40.704	457.004	62.50		C 040	5,319	16,826
Committed  Total fund balance			205,409	14,7	711	_	610,944	86,181 86,381		18,701 18,701	157,934 157,934	63,59	_	6,842 6,842	6,049	16,826
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 437,613 \$	5 2	223,180 \$	14,7	711	\$	611,052 \$	87,201	\$	18,701 \$	157,934	\$ 64,06	- <del>-</del> 7 {	6,842	6,049 \$	16,826

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

							Spe	cial	Revenue							_	
	M	iscellaneous Grants	Turf Field intenance		Land Acquisition	_	Senior Citizens Special		Library Trust		Senior Citizens Transportation	<u> </u>	Economic Development	_	BOE Private Grants and School Rental	- <del>-</del>	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS																	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivable Due from other governments	\$	815 54,138	\$ 10,002	\$	26,129	\$	156,163	\$	261,947 612,144 7,866	\$	55,310	\$	163,523 104,879	\$	381,773	\$	1,870,538 612,144 119,260 377,623
Due from other funds Inventory Prepaid items		280,436				_			1,370 32,079		3,977			_			766,382 17,771 33,009
Total Assets	\$	335,389	\$ 10,002	\$_	26,129	\$_	156,163	\$_	915,406	\$	59,287	\$	268,402	\$_	381,773	\$	3,796,727
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																	
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	1,888 41,927 85,400 129,215	\$ 	\$	6,542	\$_	1,567	\$	126,875	\$	4,249	\$		\$_		\$	303,909 312,033 91,523 707,465
Fund Balance:	_	.20,2.0		_	0,0 .2	_	.,	_			.,			_			
Nonspendable Restricted Committed	_	206,174	 10,002		19,587	_	154,596		32,079 756,452		55,038		268,402	_	381,773		50,780 2,470,235 568,247
Total fund balance	_	206,174	 10,002	-	19,587	-	154,596	-	788,531		55,038		268,402	-	381,773		3,089,262
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	335,389	\$ 10,002	\$_	26,129	\$_	156,163	\$_	915,406	\$_	59,287	\$	268,402	\$_	381,773	\$	3,796,727

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

					Sį	pecial Revenue					
	Special Education	School Cafeteria	Police Welfare	Town Aid Road	Recreation	Social Services Emergency	Berner Pool	Water Operating	Police Forfeiture	Recreation Concert	Drug Abuse Grant
Revenues: Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services Intergovernmental revenue Revenues from use of money	\$ \$ 3,254,956	367,621 \$ 429,891 344	21	\$ 307,431 221	\$ 131,991 \$ 119	\$ \$	\$ 223	2,483 \$ 82	6,813 5	\$ \$	5
Other revenues  Net depreciation in the fair market  value of investments		0			507			197	14,967	3,850	2,069
Total revenues	3,254,956	797,856	21	307,652	132,617	26	223	2,762	21,785	3,850	2,069
Expenditures: Current:											
Public safety Public works				004 400				0.400	18,524		2,870
Human service				224,409		375		2,482			
Culture and recreation					218,249	0.0	1,291			1,725	
Education Other expenditures	3,254,956	790,669									
Total expenditures	3,254,956	790,669	-	224,409	218,249	375	1,291	2,482	18,524	1,725	2,870
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over		<b>-</b> 40 <b>-</b>	24	20.040	(05.000)	(0.40)	(4.000)	000	0.004	0.405	(004)
Expenditures		7,187	21	83,243	(85,632)	(349)	(1,068)	280	3,261	2,125	(801)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in Transfers out					88,156	500					
Total other financing sources (uses)			-		88,156	500	-	-			_
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	7,187	21	83,243	2,524	151	(1,068)	280	3,261	2,125	(801)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		215,993	14,690	527,701	83,857	18,550	159,002	63,311	3,581	3,924	17,627
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ <u> </u>	223,180 \$	14,711	\$610,944_	\$ <u>86,381</u>	\$ <u>18,701</u> \$	157,934 \$	63,591	6,842	\$\$	16,826

(Continued on next page)

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

					Spe	cial l	Revenue								
	cellaneous Grants	Fi	urf eld enance	and uisition	Senior Citizens Special	; 	Library Trust	_ <u></u>	Senior Citizens ransportation		Economic evelopment	_	BOE Private Grants and School Rental	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services	\$	\$		\$ ;	\$	\$	12,782	\$	3,576	\$		\$	109,978	\$	628,431
Intergovernmental revenue	91,881						9,704		18,381						4,119,057
Revenues from use of money	00.407		2	43	193		24,336		70		232		404.040		25,917
Other revenues  Net depreciation in the fair market	32,197				40,574	+	30,552		12,400		2,713		421,249		561,275
value of investments							(20,980)								(20,980)
Total revenues	 124,078	-	2	43	40,767	7	56,394	_	34,427	_	2,945	_	531,227	_	5,313,700
Expenditures:															
Current:															
Public safety	48,718														70,112
Public works	54,838														281,729
Human service	19,406				22,12	I			58,233						100,135
Culture and recreation	16,267						769,612								1,007,144
Education													360,557		4,406,182
Other expenditures	 12,445			 				_				_		_	12,445
Total expenditures	 151,674			 	22,121	<u> </u>	769,612	_	58,233		-	_	360,557	_	5,877,747
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over															
Expenditures	 (27,596)		2	 43	18,646	<u> </u>	(713,218)	. <u> </u>	(23,806)		2,945	_	170,670	_	(564,047)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in			10,000				659,050		31,639						789,345
Transfers out	 (5,381)											_		_	(5,381)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,381)		10,000	 	-		659,050	. <u> </u>	31,639			_	-	_	783,964
Net Change in Fund Balances	(32,977)		10,002	43	18,646	6	(54,168)		7,833		2,945		170,670		219,917
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 239,151			 19,544	135,950	<u> </u>	842,699	_	47,205		265,457	_	211,103	_	2,869,345
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 206,174	\$	10,002	\$ 19,587	\$ 154,596	<u>\$</u>	788,531	\$	55,038	\$	268,402	\$_	381,773	\$_	3,089,262

Capital Projects Fund

### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

The Capital Projects I	Fund is	used to	account for	financial	resources	to be	used fo	r acquisition
or construction of major	or capita	al facilitie	es.					

				Аp	propriations			Expenditures	Unexpende	d
Vaar	Project	Bala			Changes	Total		and	Balance	16
Year	Project	July 1,	2013	_	Changes	Total		Encumbrances	June 30, 201	0
1999-00	Roadways Sand/Salt Storage Building	\$ 13	6,000	\$		\$ 136,0	000	\$ 136,000	\$	_
2000-01	Assessors Revaluation	59	8,706		50,000	648,	706	601,567	47,13	9
2000-01	Data Processing Computer Upgrades	41	5,000		100,000	515,0	000	379,734	135,26	6
2001-02	Buildings & Grounds Municipal Center Improv	23	2,489			232,4	189	224,956	7,53	3
2001-02	Police Communication System	57	0,026		15,000	585,0	26	579,043	5,98	3
2001-02	Technical Services Sidewalk Replacement		5,000			315,0		273,964	41,03	
2001-02	Roadways Storm Drain and Street Repair	31	4,759		10,240	324,9	999	257,535	67,46	<b>j</b> 4
2002-03	Technical Services Environmental Compliance		3,816			123,8		122,304	1,51	
2003-04	Roadways Street Paving		5,151		(10,240)	2,394,9	911	2,394,911		-
2004-05	Recreation Norton Park Improvements		1,859		, , ,	131,8		131,859		-
2005-06	Buildings & Grounds AC Replacements	2	2,124			22,		22,124		-
2006-07	Fire Portable Radios		7,596		5,000	182,		172,596	10,00	00
2006-07	Police Vehicles		4,500		61,000	495,		493,064	2,43	
2007-08	Police Equipment		0,500		,	120,		114,749	5,75	
2008-09	Senior Center Dial A Ride Grant Match		8,000		55,400	123,4		118,527	4,87	
2009-10	Town Clerk Improvements		1,816		13,372	85,		32,792	52,39	
2009-10	Fire Regional Training Facility		3,229		,		229	3,229	0_,00	
2009-10	Fire Replace Engine #2		5,000			85,0		82,233	2,76	7
2009-10	Buildings & Grounds Firehouse Tank Replac		4,450				150	4,450	, -	_
2009-10	Buildings & Grounds Boiler Replacements		5,000				000	3,467	1,53	3
2010-11	Tax/Assessor Software		0,634		12,000	202,6		188,936	13,69	
2011-12	Police Computer Replacement		6,000		18,000	84,0		82,748	1,25	
2012-13	Police Bullet Proof Vests		2,000		-,	42,0		31,475	10,52	
2012-13	Fire Replace Rescue Apparatus		6,836		103,418	410,2		410,254	-,-	_
2012-13	Roadways Ten Wheel Dump Truck		7,527		,	177,		177,527		_
2012-13	Buildings & Grounds Radio Equipment		7,294			27,2		27,294		_
2012-13	Buildings & Grounds 1 Ton, 4WD Truck		5,000			65,0		65,000		_
2012-13	Recreation Paderewski Park Improvements		5,000			15,0		1,373	13,62	27
2013-14	Police Communication Dispatch Equipment		6,974		155,328	412,3		305,768	106,53	
2013-14	Police Windows 7/Office 2010		5,205		,-	15,2		13,368	1,83	
2013-14	Police NEXGEN Software		2,500			92,		81,850	10,65	
2013-14	Police Cruiser Outfitting		0,500		20,500	61,0		58,624	2,37	
2013-14	Fire Thermal Imaging Cameras		4,404		13,000	37,4		31,554	5,85	
2013-14	Fire SCBA Bottle Replacements		0,000		10,000	30,0		30,903	(90	
2013-14	Fire Personal Protective Equipment		0,000		20,000	60,0		48,768	11,23	
2013-14	Fire Hurst Tool (Jaws of Life)		0,000		10,000	30,0		19,903	10,09	
2013-14	Roadways Leaf Boxes		3,692		-,		92	3,692	-,	_
2013-14	Roadways Loader Tires		7,000			17,0		-,	17,00	00
2013-14	Roadways Ten Wheel Dump Truck (grant)		9,026			179,0		179,026	,	_
2013-14	Buildings & Grounds Municipal Center Façade		0,000			10,0		3,690	6,31	0
2013-14	Buildings & Grounds Norton Park Garage Roof		0,000			10,0		10,000	-,-	_
2013-14	Buildings & Grounds Linden School Needs	_	4,389			24,3		25,627	(1,23	(8)
2014-15	Police Cruiser Cameras		6,000			16,0		16,000	(-,==	-
2014-15	Police Ammo		2,500			12,		11,340	1,16	0
2014-15	Police Cruiser Defibrillators		9,600				600	7,543	2,05	
2014-15	Fire Communication Dispatch Equipment		5,000		27,871	52,8		52,924		53)
2014-15	Roadways Pickup Trucks		9,981		,	59,9		59,981	(0	-
2014-15	Buildings & Grounds Firehouse Door/Window		6,801				301	6,801		_
2014-15	Buildings & Grounds 4 WD Diesel Tractor		2,000			42,0		42,000		_
2014-15	Buildings & Grounds 2 WD 1/2 Ton Pickup		6,000			36,0		36,000		-
						- /		, -		

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### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED WITH APPROPRIATIONS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Balance	Appropriations	Expenditures and	Unexpended Balance	
Year	Project	July 1, 2015	Additions	Total	Encumbrances	June 30, 2016
2014-15	Technical Services Large Format Copier/Scanner	\$ 10,617	\$ \$	10,617	\$ 10,617	
2014-15	Technical Services Cooke Street Reconstruction	1,500,000	(131,710)	1,368,290	1,368,290	, -
2014-15	Senior Center Temperature Control System	24,982	40,748	65,730	.,000,200	65,730
2014-15	Recreation Trumbull Park Improvements	27,968	.0,0	27,968	27,968	-
2014-15	Library Clock Tower & Eaves	46,000		46,000	28,718	17,282
2014-15	Unclassified	8,959	(7,500)	1,459	20,710	1,459
2015-16	Roadways 1 Ton Hydrostatic Roller	0,300	25,000	25,000	18,146	6,854
2015-16	Roadways 5 Ton Dump Truck with Plow		62,500	62,500	125,465	(62,965)
2015-16	Buildings & Grounds Vehicle Replacement		33,100	33,100	33,100	(02,903)
2015-16	Buildings & Grounds OSHA GHS Update		5,000	5,000	5,000	-
2015-16	Buildings & Grounds Norton Park Act Build Roof		15,000		13,664	1,336
2015-16	Buildings & Grounds 14WD Compact Pickup			15,000	25,439	
	•		25,500	25,500	25,439	61
2015-16	Buildings & Grounds Probate Court Relocation		31,250	31,250	7.500	31,250
2015-16	Buildings & Grounds Trumbull Park Septic		7,500	7,500	7,500	-
2015-16	Buildings & Grounds Old Linden School Demo		1,092,853	1,092,853	1,092,853	(0.740)
2015-16	Technical Services Roadway Sign Replacement		10,000	10,000	13,710	(3,710)
2015-16	Technical Services Northwest Drive Bridge		140,000	140,000	140,000	-
2015-16	Recreation Norton Park Lights Field #4		48,000	48,000		48,000
2015-16	Recreation Norton Park Fence Field #4		8,000	8,000		8,000
2015-16	Library Repairs		13,500	13,500	13,500	
	Total capital and nonrecurring expenditures	9,705,410	2,108,630	11,814,040	11,103,043	710,997
2012-13	Downtown Beautification	1,008,337		1,008,337	1,008,337	-
2010-11	Board of Education District Wide EMS Upgrade	20,600	(4,043)	16,557	16,557	-
2012-13	Board of Education School Security	238,562		238,562	238,562	-
2012-13	Board of Education Technology Improvements	950,446	119,389	1,069,835	1,079,949	(10,114)
2013-14	Board of Education School Construction	87,600	2,350	89,950	86,950	3,000
2013-14	Board of Education District Grounds & Improvements	35,467		35,467	35,467	-
2013-14	Board of Education Service Vehicle	26,168		26,168	26,168	-
2014-15	Board of Education PHS Retro Commissioning	92,013		92,013	92,013	_
2015-16	Board of Education New Service Van	- ,	12,599	12,599	12,599	_
2015-16	Board of Education MSP Auditorium Seats		81,620	81,620	81,620	_
2015-16	Board of Education PHS Kitchen Floor		,	,	91,200	(91,200)
2015-16	Board of Education PHS Turf Field Project		225,000	225,000	225,000	(0.,200)
2015-16	Board of Education PHS Turf Field Maintenance		10,000	10,000	10,000	_
2010 10	Landfill Expansion	92,565	31,624	124,189	152,230	(28,041)
2015-16	PHS Turf Field Project	32,000	2,116,415	2,116,415	1,835,093	281,322
2015-16	Old Linden Street School Demolition		1,092,853	1,092,853	878,527	214,326
2015-16	Road Bond Project		2,029,090	2,029,090	1,554,370	474,720
2015-16	FEMA Property Acquisition Phase II		1,838,144	1,838,144	502,991	1,335,153
2006-07	WPCF RDT/Phosphorus Removal	640,836		42,982	42,982	1,333,133
		<sup>'</sup>	(597,854)			06.617
2006-07	WPCF Plant & Collection System Improvements	238,335	125,000	363,335	266,718	96,617
2009-10	WPCF Cronk Road	243,649		243,649	243,649	-
2009-10	WPCF Vehicles	20,863		20,863	20,863	-
2010-11	WPCF Middle School Pump Station	57,325		57,325	57,325	-
2010-11	WPCF Decant System	140,187		140,187	140,187	-
2013-14	WPCF Primary Tank Upgrade	101,117		101,117	101,117	-
2013-14	WPCF I & I Manhole Rehabilitation	25,000	10,000	35,000	3,319	31,681
2015-16	WPCF Influent Valve Replacements		39,061	39,061		39,061
2015-16	WPCF Treatment Plant Roof Repair		50,000	50,000		50,000
2015-16	WPCF RDT/Phosphorus Removal		597,854	597,854	95,371	502,483
	Tomlinson Avenue Bridge	116,378	13,440	129,818	110,938	18,880
	Stillwell Drive Bridge	1,836,086	28,878	1,864,964	1,858,286	6,678
2012-13	FEMA Property Acquisition Phase I	2,755,907	218,021	2,973,928	2,986,077	(12,149)
2015-16	Cooke Street Reconstruction		1,368,290	1,368,290	716,807	651,483
2015-16	School Capital Maintenance Project		109,000	109,000	67,257	41,743
2015-16	Senior Center Parking Lot		125,864	125,864	124,321	1,543
	Total	\$ 18,432,851	\$ <u>11,751,225</u> \$	30,184,076	\$ 25,865,893	4,318,183

Internal Service Funds

### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

- **HEALTH INSURANCE FUND** A fund used to pay health insurance claims and to purchase administrative services and stop loss insurance for the health care plans. Both the Town and the Board of Education pay this fund for health insurance.
- **SELF INSURANCE RESERVE FUND** The Self Insurance Reserve Fund provides coverage for all deductibles on commercial insurance policies and all heart and hypertension claims.

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2015

		Health		Self Insurance		Totals				
	-	Insurance Fund		Reserve Fund		2016		2015		
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other funds	\$	1,980,446	\$	410,033 195,402	\$ _	2,390,479 195,402	\$_	1,790,064 303,322		
Total Assets	\$	1,980,446	\$	605,435	\$_	2,585,881	\$	2,093,386		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION										
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	575,557 1,690,738	\$		\$ _	575,557 1,690,738	\$	399,082 626,787		
Total liabilities		2,266,295		-		2,266,295		1,025,869		
Net position: Unrestricted	-	(285,849)		605,435	_	319,586	. <u>-</u>	1,067,517		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	1,980,446	\$	605,435	\$_	2,585,881	\$_	2,093,386		

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2015

		Health		Self Insurance Reserve Fund		Totals				
	-	Insurance Fund	_			2016		2015		
Operating revenues:										
Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services	\$_	5,966,102 \$	\$_	27,153	\$_	5,993,255 \$		5,857,604		
Operating expenses:										
Insurance claims, premiums and fees		6,472,210		133,991		6,606,201		6,034,575		
Administration		135,557	_		_	135,557		135,557		
Total operating expenses	-	6,607,767	_	133,991	_	6,741,758		6,170,132		
Operating income (loss)		(641,665)		(106,838)		(748,503)		(312,528)		
Nonoperating revenues:										
Revenues from use of money				572		572		764		
,	-	_	_	_	_			_		
Income (loss)		(641,665)		(106,266)		(747,931)		(311,764)		
				, ,				,		
Transfers in	-		_		_	<u>-</u>		500,000		
Change in Net Position		(641,665)		(106,266)		(747,931)		188,236		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	-	355,816	_	711,701	_	1,067,517		879,281		
Net Position, End of Year	\$	(285,849)	\$_	605,435	\$_	319,586 \$		1,067,517		

TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2015

		Health		Self Insurance		Totals			
	_	Insurance Fund	_	Reserve Fund	_	2016	_	2015	
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from charges for services and contributions Cash paid for claims, premiums and fees Cash received (paid) for interfund services provided (used) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ _	5,966,102 (6,430,210) 1,063,951 599,843	\$	27,153 (135,073) 107,920	\$	5,993,255 (6,565,283) 1,171,871 599,843	\$	5,857,604 (6,163,132) 915,904 610,376	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers from other funds	_		-		-			500,000	
Cash flows from investing activities: Income on investments	_		_	572	_	572		764	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		599,843		572		600,415		1,111,140	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	1,380,603	_	409,461	_	1,790,064	_	678,924	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$_	1,980,446	\$_	410,033	\$_	2,390,479	\$_	1,790,064	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$_	(641,665)	\$_	(106,838)	\$_	(748,503)	\$_	(312,528)	
(Increase) decrease in assets:  Due from other funds  Accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				107,920		107,920 -		287,443 1,000	
Accounts payable  Due to other funds  Total adjustments	<u>-</u>	177,557 1,063,951 1,241,508	-	(1,082)	=	176,475 1,063,951 1,348,346	_	7,674 626,787 922,904	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	599,843	\$_		\$_	599,843	\$_	610,376	

**Fiduciary Funds** 

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

- **STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND** A fund that accounts for the collections and payments for educational extra-curricular activities.
- **SENIOR CITIZEN FUND** A fund that accounts for the collection of money from fund raising activities and the reduction of those funds for activities of the senior citizens.
- **DEPOSIT FUND** A fund that accounts for various types of security or surety deposits placed with the Town which will be returned when the need for the deposit ceases.
- **CCRPA FUND** A fund that accounts for the former standalone entity Central Connecticut Regional Planning Agency. Plainville being a member town, took over the accounting functions as the Agency distributes remaining funds to member Towns.

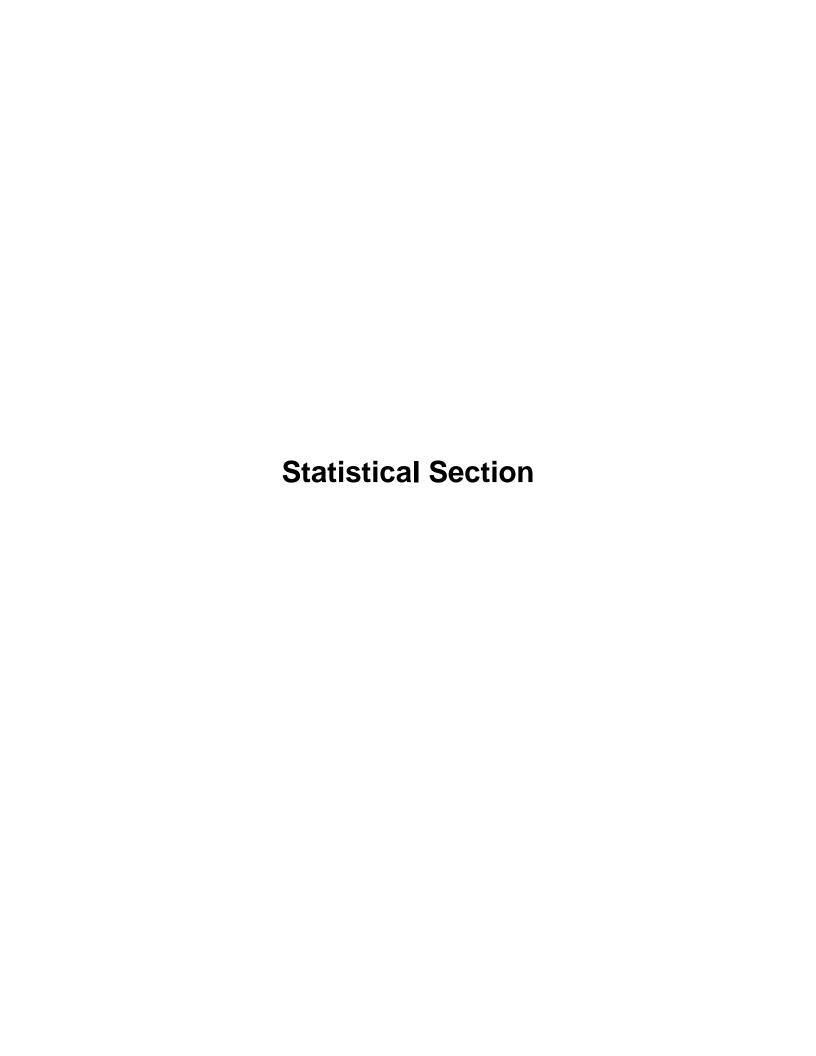
#### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015		Additions	Deductions	•	Balance June 30, 2016
Student Activity Fund						
Assets: Cash Investments	\$ 350,969 361,052	\$	501,125 865	\$ 516,222 21,000	\$	335,872 340,917
Total Assets	\$ 712,021	\$	501,990	\$ 537,222	\$	676,789
Liabilities: Due to employees and others	\$ 712,021	\$	501,990	\$ 537,222	\$	676,789
Senior Citizen Fund						
Assets: Cash	\$ 119,791	\$	171,066	\$ 205,044	\$	85,813
Liabilities: Due to employees and others	\$ 119,791	\$	171,066	\$ 205,044	\$	85,813
Deposit Fund						
Assets: Cash	\$ 17,223	\$	23	\$ 	\$	17,246
Liabilities: Surety bonds payable	\$ 17,223	\$	23	\$ 	\$	17,246
Central CT Regional Planning Agency						
Assets: Cash Other assets	\$ 51,667 112	\$	657 540	\$ 552 652	\$	51,772 -
Total Assets	51,779	: ;	1,197	1,204	:	51,772
Liabilities: Due to members	\$ 51,779	\$	1,197	\$ 1,204	\$	51,772

(Continued on next page)

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>.</u>	Balance July 1, 2015	. <u>-</u>	Additions	Deductions	_	Balance June 30, 2016
Total All Funds							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Other assets	\$	539,650 361,052 112	\$	672,871 865 540	\$ 721,818 21,000 652	\$	490,703 340,917 -
Total Assets	\$_	900,814	\$	674,276	\$ 743,470	\$	831,620
Liabilities: Due to employees and others Surety bond payable	\$ _	883,591 17,223	\$	674,253 23	\$ 743,470	\$	814,374 17,246
Total Liabilities	\$_	900,814	\$	674,276	\$ 743,470	\$	831,620



#### **Statistical Section Information**

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

#### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	_	FISCAL YEAR												
	_	2016		2015	2014 (2)	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007		
Governmental activities:														
Net investment in capital assets	\$	90,129	\$	87,666	87,686 \$	83,664 \$	79,132 \$	72,322 \$	72,079 \$	74,689 \$	62,446 \$	32,787		
Restricted		1,267		1,291	1,210	1,085	1,028	1,060	928	949	1,120	1,180		
Unrestricted	_	6,154	_	6,714	8,474	11,676	11,840	15,967	14,317	14,723	15,145	20,456		
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	97,550	\$	95,671	97,370 \$	96,425 \$	92,000 \$	89,349 \$	87,324 \$	90,361 \$	78,711 \$	54,423		

#### Notes:

- (1) Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.
- (2) The fiscal year 2014 governmental activities net position was restated as a result of implementing GASB No. 68Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

#### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

								FISCAL	. YE	AR								
		2016	2015	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007
Expenses:						,			_		_							
Governmental activities:																		
General government	\$	3,824 \$	3,281 \$	2,744	\$	5,002	\$	3,070	\$	3,285	\$	10,745	\$	3,023	\$	2,831	\$	2,964
Public safety		7,762	7,262	6,271		6,579		6,029		6,485		7,111		6,160		6,975		5,602
Public works		9,357	8,560	8,933		6,438		8,445		10,250		8,034		7,907		7,402		7,999
Human services		1,951	1,919	1,929		1,973		1,863		788		1,044		1,714		752		667
Culture and recreation		1,403	1,388	1,364		1,289		1,281		1,481		1,454		1,549		1,101		1,201
Education		48,021	46,899	45,153		42,567		43,706		41,512		40,767		40,729		47,209		35,383
Debt service		1,586	1,546	1,691		1,884	_	1,909	_	2,005	_	2,000		1,683		1,814		1,942
Total governmental activities expenses		73,904	70,855	68,085		65,732	_	66,303	_	65,806	_	71,155	_	62,765	_	68,084	_	55,758
Program revenues:																		
Governmental activities:																		
Charges for services:																		
Public works		3,327	3,539	2,922		2,939		2,910		2,982		2,903		2,918		2,881		2,745
Education		478	446	480		730		473		542		664		756		690		697
Other activities		1,289	1,276	1,224		1,094		1,051		1,055		1,049		771		827		908
Operating grants and contributions		22,576	19,518	23,154		18,925		20,264		17,526		16,791		17,601		25,255		14,537
Capital grants and contributions		2,014		2,084		3,084		1,708		4,955		8,090	_	13,686		24,607		3,017
Total governmental activities program revenues	_	29,684	24,779	29,864	- —	26,772		26,406		27,060	_	29,497	_	35,732	_	54,260		21,904
Net expense:																		
Governmental activities	_	(44,220)	(46,076)	(38,221)	<u> </u>	(38,960)	_	(39,897)	_	(38,746)	_	(41,658)	_	(27,033)	_	(13,824)	_	(33,854)
General revenues and other changes in net assets: Governmental activities:																		
Property taxes		44,369	43,312	42,130		42,011		41,022		39,458		37,011		36,925		35,458		35,508
Grants and contributions not restricted to																		
specific purposes		502	554	571		619		1,290		1,021		1,136		1,423		1,177		1,438
Unrestricted investment earnings		85	59	126		111		60		155		130		112		1,129		1,632
Miscellaneous		1,143	451	335		644		176		137		343	_	223		348		211
Total governmental activities	_	46,099	44,376	43,162	- —	43,385	_	42,548	_	40,771	_	38,620	_	38,683	_	38,112	_	38,789
Changes in Net Position:																		
Governmental activities	\$_	1,879 \$	(1,700) \$	4,941	_ \$	4,425	\$_	2,651	\$_	2,025	\$_	(3,038)	\$_	11,650	\$	24,288	\$	4,935

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

										FISC	AL	YEAR								
	_	2016	_	2015		2014		2013	_	2012		2011		2010	_	2009	20	08		2007
General Fund:																				
Reserved Unreserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	;	\$	1,584 1,482	\$	1,758 \$ 2,978		865 300	\$	1,652 5,267
Nonspendable		49		20		14		6		131		10								
Committed		198		148		148		172		171		171								
Assigned		1,174		445		707		757		829		1,018								
Unassigned	_	9,488		10,442		11,166		5,863	_	2,970		2,398	_		_				_	
Total General Fund	\$_	10,909	\$_	11,055	\$_	12,035	\$_	6,798	\$_	4,101	\$_	3,597	\$_	3,066	\$_	4,736 \$	6	165	\$_	6,919
All other governmental funds:																				
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	;	\$	395	\$	3,493 \$	22	474	\$	44,582
Unreserved, reported in:																				
Special revenue funds														5,581		7,000	7	292		6,269
Capital projects funds														(11,462)		(29,941)	(37	636)		(40,725)
Nonspendable		105		78		21		24		20		21								
Restricted		3,034		2,225		2,456		2,666		2,505		2,154								
Committed		6,022		5,399		5,350		8,483		9,465		9,571								
Unassigned	_	(1,464)	-	(2)					_	(82)	_	(994)	_		_				_	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_	7,697	\$_	7,700	\$_	7,827	\$	11,173	\$_	11,908	\$	10,752	\$_	(5,486)	\$_	(19,448) \$	(7	870)	\$_	10,126

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Town began to report new fund categories when it implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in fiscal year 2011.

#### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

						FISCAL YEA	AR				
	_	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Revenues:											
Property taxes Assessments including interest	\$	44,113 \$	42,677 \$	42,460 \$	41,482 \$	40,213 \$	39,566 \$	36,680 \$	36,525 \$	35,554 \$	35,456
and lien fees		277	173	197	150	112	95	65	92	31	9
Charges for services		5,625	4,766	4,527	4,466	4,364	4,382	4,140	4,113	4,156	3,988
Intergovernmental		23,935	19,935	25,511	22,415	22,872	23,557	26,264	32,740	51,542	19,432
Income on investments		84	58	124	109	59	150	125	89	1,041	1,504
Miscellaneous		1,773	633	684	1,127	798	544	733	807	824	934
Total revenues	_	75,807	68,242	73,503	69,749	68,418	68,294	68,007	74,366	93,148	61,323
Expenditures:											
General government		2,502	2,687	2,203	4,122	2,366	2,131	9,780	1,998	2,071	2,023
Public safety		4,645	4,154	4,101	4,095	3,852	3,902	4,741	4,629	4,587	4,208
Public works		5,953	6,191	6,496	6,077	5,811	6,828	5,859	6,316	6,146	5,876
Human services		1,812	1,737	1,766	1,796	1,757	579	845	1,594	610	573
Culture and recreation		1,155	1,153	1,194	1,006	1,006	1,158	1,112	1,362	1,154	1,144
Education		42,802	41,984	41,706	39,643	41,794	38,415	37,881	37,485	45,653	34,392
Other expenditures		3,594	3,443	3,407	3,259	2,903	3,150	2,756	2,781	2,477	2,612
Capital outlay		7,560	2,139	4,713	2,549	1,133	2,084	5,507	29,239	44,682	19,238
Debt service:											
Principal		4,551	4,486	4,276	4,077	4,309	3,020	4,259	2,661	2,765	2,299
Interest		1,492	1,613	1,751	1,927	2,208	2,792	2,043	1,726	1,754	2,018
Total expenditures	_	76,066	69,587	71,613	68,551	67,139	64,059	74,783	89,791	111,899	74,383
Excess of revenue over (under)											
expenditures	_	(259)	(1,345)	1,890	1,198	1,279	4,235	(6,776)	(15,425)	(18,751)	(13,060)

(Continued on next page)

#### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

						FISCAL YEA	.R				
	_	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers in	\$	3,850 \$	2,723 \$	7,460 \$	4,165 \$	1,190 \$	2,644 \$	3,154 \$	2,826 \$	2,581 \$	3,760
Transfers out		(3,850)	(3,223)	(7,460)	(4,165)	(1,190)	(2,644)	(3,154)	(2,926)	(2,581)	(3,768)
Bonds and loans issued				,		12,535	15,515	19,067	2,429	,	9,977
Refunding bonds issued		5,025					649				6,855
Payment to bond escrow		(5,361)				(13,040)	(3,873)				(6,991)
Premium on sale of debt		446				889	242		90		247
Capital leases issued			740		764						
Total other financing											
sources		110	240	<u> </u>	764	384	12,533	19,067	2		10,080
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$_	(149) \$	(1,105) \$	1,890 \$	1,962 \$	1,663 \$	16,768 \$	12,291 \$	(13,006) \$	(18,751) \$	(2,980)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		8.7%	9.1%	9.0%	9.8%	9.2%	9.1%	7.2%	6.7%	6.8%	6.7%

Note 1: Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	_		Real Property						Less	Total Taxable	Total	Estimated Actual	Taxable Assessed V as a Percent	alue
Fiscal Year		Residential	 Commercial	_	Industrial	-	Personal Property	Motor Vehicle	Tax-Exempt Property	 Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate	 Taxable Value	of Actua Taxable Va	
2016	\$	863,102	\$ 188,669	\$	97,897	\$	110,607	\$ 140,437	\$ 35,356	\$ 1,365,356	31.83	\$ 1,950,509	70	.00%
2015		862,320	182,174		99,042		108,488	140,374	36,822	1,355,576	31.38	1,936,537	70	.00%
2014		857,668	187,548		96,997		100,415	135,092	36,099	1,341,621	31.38	1,916,601	70	.00%
2013(1)		856,115	190,565		96,339		99,534	132,945	35,209	1,340,289	30.89	1,914,699	70	.00%
2012		937,289	191,771		82,084		98,588	127,715	36,665	1,400,782	28.98	2,001,117	70	.00%
2011		931,902	192,314		81,358		99,904	123,482	38,196	1,390,764	28.01	1,986,806	70	.00%
2010		928,328	190,846		77,896		108,208	124,077	41,128	1,388,227	26.33	1,983,181	70	.00%
2009		923,292	185,847		76,631		110,127	130,393	41,859	1,384,431	26.24	1,977,759	70	.00%
2008(1)		915,137	183,758		74,160		101,180	130,421	32,357	1,372,299	25.50	1,960,427	70	.00%
2007		518,967	181,883		65,937		98,284	125,417	32,089	958,399	36.28	1,369,141	70	.00%

Source: Town of Plainville Office of Tax Assessor

<sup>(1)</sup> A revaluation of real estate was performed.

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS FISCAL YEARS 2016 AND 2007

				Grand Li	st Ye	ears		
		Octo	ber 1, 201	14		Oct	ober 1, 2	005
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value
BRE DDR Connecticut Commons LLC	\$	46,947,210	1	3.44%	\$	42,557,000	1	4.44%
Tilcon Connecticut	*	23,227,560	2	1.70%	•	,,		0.00%
Manafort Brothers		12,314,370	3	0.90%		5,169,000	7	0.54%
Valley Water Systems		12,147,520	4	0.89%		9,928,000	4	1.04%
Eversource		11,226,750	5	0.82%		5,782,000	6	0.60%
General Electric		8,312,350	8	0.61%		20,188,000	2	2.11%
Carling Technologies		7,280,170	7	0.53%		9,588,000	5	1.00%
Mott Metalurgical		7,183,100	6	0.53%		4,959,000	8	0.52%
Gem Sensors		6,243,200	9	0.46%		4,874,000	9	0.51%
North Mountain Land LLC		5,987,410	10	0.44%				0.00%
Toffolon Marcia C Trustee						3,493,000	10	0.36%
Tilcon Minerals, Inc.	_				_	16,997,000	3	1.77%
Total	\$	140,869,640		10.32%	\$_	123,535,000		12.89%

Source: Town of Plainville, Office of Tax Assessor

Total Town Net Taxable Assessed Value for October 1, 2014: \$ 1,365,355,660

#### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

			Fiscal	of the Levy		Total Collec	ctions to Date
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Rate in Mills	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collection in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2016	31.83	\$ 43,669	\$ 42,767	97.93%	\$ -	\$ 42,767	97.93%
2015	31.38	42,585	41,608	97.71%	487	42,095	98.85%
2014	31.38	41,919	41,005	97.82%	493	41,498	99.00%
2013	30.89	41,282	40,284	97.58%	403	40,687	98.56%
2012	28.98	40,515	39,509	97.52%	753	40,262	99.38%
2011	28.01	38,842	37,977	97.77%	687	38,664	99.54%
2010	26.33	36,514	35,532	97.31%	841	36,373	99.61%
2009	26.24	36,386	35,572	97.76%	720	36,292	99.74%
2008	25.50	34,971	34,173	97.72%	730	34,903	99.81%
2007	36.28	35,055	34,290	97.82%	665	34,955	99.71%

Source: Tax Collector's Report - Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

## TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands, except per capita)

		Gov	ernr/	nental Activi	ties					(a)
Fiscal Year	0	General bligation ds and Notes	_	Capital Leases		Total Primary Government	Ratio of Debt to Taxable Assessed Value	_	Debt Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income
2016	\$	44,280	\$	649	\$	44,929	3.29%	\$	2,524	4.55%
2015		48,584		890		49,474	3.65%		2,776	4.49%
2014		53,287		392		53,679	4.00%		3,012	4.88%
2013		56,946		564		57,510	4.29%		3,255	5.29%
2012		61,049		-		61,049	4.36%		3,444	5.26%
2011		65,017		-		65,017	4.67%		3,670	6.69%
2010		56,534		145		56,679	4.08%		3,251	5.92%
2009		41,601		280		41,881	3.03%		2,417	N/A
2008		41,833		502		42,335	3.08%		2,383	N/A
2007		44,598		713		45,311	4.73%		2,617	N/A

Notes: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### N/A - information not available

<sup>(</sup>a) Personal income and population data are available only from the US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census every ten years.

TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT
RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	(a) Population	Gross Assessed Value	(b) Estimated Actual Value	(c) Long- Term Debt	(d) Total Direct Debt	Total Direct Debt Per Capita	Percent of Direct Debt to Estimated Actual Value	(e) (f) Total Net Direct Debt	Total Net Direct Debt Per Capita	Percent of Net Direct Debt to Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Debt to Net Taxable Grand List	Total Overall Net Debt to Net Taxable Grand List
2007	17,312 \$	1,071,484,690 \$	1,530,692,414 \$	44,598,491 \$	44,598,491	2,576	2.91%	\$ 42,809,842	2,473	2.80%	4.66%	4.47%
2008	17,768	1,404,655,790	2,006,651,129	41,833,140	41,833,140	2,354	2.08%	40,658,011	2,288	2.03%	3.05%	2.96%
2009	17,436	1,494,150,270	2,134,500,386	41,601,293	41,601,293	2,386	1.95%	40,733,047	2,336	1.91%	2.92%	2.86%
2010	17,436	1,497,764,600	2,139,663,714	56,534,404	56,534,404	3,242	2.64%	56,082,792	3,216	2.62%	4.07%	4.04%
2011	17,716	1,497,764,600	2,139,663,714	65,017,171	65,017,171	3,670	3.04%	64,872,441	3,662	3.03%	4.67%	4.66%
2012	17,724	1,437,447,670	2,053,496,671	61,049,535	61,049,535	3,444	2.97%	61,049,535	3,444	2.97%	4.36%	4.36%
2013	17,670	1,375,497,425	1,964,996,321	57,510,632	57,510,632	3,255	2.93%	57,510,632	3,255	2.93%	4.29%	4.29%
2014	17,819	1,377,719,440	1,968,170,629	53,679,798	53,679,798	3,013	2.73%	53,679,798	3,013	2.73%	4.00%	4.00%
2015	17,820	1,392,397,504	1,989,139,291	49,473,960	49,473,960	2,776	2.49%	49,473,960	2,776	2.49%	3.65%	3.65%
2016	17,801	1,400,711,860	2,001,016,943	44,929,424	44,929,424	2,524	2.25%	44,929,424	2,524	2.25%	3.29%	3.29%

<sup>(</sup>a) Based on estimates from the State Department of Health.

<sup>(</sup>b) Total assessed value based on 70% of estimated actual value.

<sup>(</sup>c) Total long-term general obligation debt, all repaid with General Government resources.

<sup>(</sup>d) Total direct long-term indebtedness.

<sup>(</sup>e) Total direct debt after exclusions for State of Connecticut School Construction Grants.

<sup>(</sup>f) The Town of Plainville has no overlapping debt.

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2016

Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) received by
Treasurer for year ended June 30, 2016 \$ 44,114,227

Reimbursement for revenue loss on:
Tax relief for elderly - freeze 2,000

BASE \$ 44,116,227

		General Purpose		Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit
Debt limitation:										_
2-1/4 times base	\$	99,261,511	\$		\$		\$		\$	
4-1/2 times base				198,523,022						
3-3/4 times base						165,435,851				
3-1/4 times base								143,377,738		
3 times base	_		_		_				_	132,348,681
Total debt limitation	_	99,261,511		198,523,022	_	165,435,851		143,377,738	_	132,348,681
Indebtedness:										
Bonds and notes payable Bonds authorized -		4,385,000		22,615,000		16,014,130				
unissued	_	950,000			_				_	
Total indebtedness	_	5,335,000		22,615,000		16,014,130		-		
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding										
and Authorized Debt	\$_	93,926,511	\$_	175,908,022	\$_	149,421,721	\$_	143,377,738	\$_	132,348,681

Note: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation: \$ 308,813,589

### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

		FISCAL YEAR										
		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	
Debt limitation	\$	308,814 \$	298,750 \$	297,456 \$	289,732 \$	283,032 \$	277,077 \$	255,151 \$	255,676 \$	249,023 \$	248,461	
Total net debt applicable to limit		43,961	48,490	52,976	63,118	67,196	71,175	73,040	85,698	51,397	72,574	
Legal Debt Margin	\$	264,853 \$	250,260 \$	244,480 \$	226,614 \$	215,836 \$	205,902 \$	182,111 \$	169,978 \$	197,626 \$	175,887	
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	:	14.24%	16.23%	17.81%	21.78%	23.74%	25.69%	28.63%	33.52%	20.64%	29.21%	

Source: Comprehensive annual financial report - Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Note: See Table 10 for the calculation of current year debt limitation.

#### TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population(1)	Total Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Income(2)	Median Age(2)	School Enrollment(3)	Unemployment Rate(4)
2016	17,801	*	*	42.0	2,312	5.4%
2015	17,820	*	*	43.0	2,380	4.9%
2014	17,819	*	*	43.0	2,271	5.8%
2013	17,670	*	*	43.0	2,353	7.7%
2012	17,724	*	*	41.0	2,401	8.3%
2011	17,716	*	*	39.6	2,418	8.8%
2010	17,436	*	*	42.0	2,524	9.0%
2009	17,436	*	*	42.0	2,522	5.9%
2008	17,768	*	*	41.0	2,505	4.6%
2007	17,312	*	*	39.6	2,686	4.3%

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available or attainable.

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Based on estimates from the State of Connecticut Department of Health

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census

<sup>(3)</sup> Source: Board of Education

<sup>(4)</sup> Source: U.S. Department of Labor and Employment Security Division, Labor Department, State of Connecticut

# TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS 2016 AND 2007

			2016		2007				
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment		
Wheeler Clinic, Inc.	Psychiatric Center	560	1	5.40%	700	1	6.84%		
Town of Plainville	Municipality	518	2	4.99%	553	2	5.41%		
Manafort Construction	Construction/Quarry	420	3	4.05%					
GEMS Sensors	Electronic sensors	335	4	3.23%	301	4	2.94%		
Tilcon Connecticut, Inc	Construction/Quarry	300	5	2.89%	265	5	2.59%		
General Electric	Manufacturer	240	6	2.31%	400	3	3.91%		
CWPM	Waste Hauler	200	7	1.93%					
Mott Corporation	Manufacturer	180	8	1.74%	163	9	1.59%		
Carling Technologies, Inc	Manufacturer	155	9	1.49%	155	10	1.52%		
Connecticut Tool & Manuf	Manufacturer	155	10	1.49%					
Plainville Health Care	Convalescent Home				172	7	1.68%		
Wheeler YMCA	Athletic/Social Center				205	6	2.00%		
Ferguson Electric Comp	Manufacturer				170_	8	1.66%		
Total		3,063		29.52%	3,084		30.14%		

Source: Town of Plainville, Economic Development Department

TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR										
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	
General Government	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.33	15.33	19.00	20.00	20.00	
Police	46.00	43.00	43.00	42.00	42.00	43.00	44.00	42.00	42.00	41.00	
Fire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	1.50	1.50	
Water Pollution Control	7.58	7.58	7.58	7.58	7.58	6.58	7.58	6.00	7.00	8.00	
Physical and Technical											
Services	28.92	28.92	28.92	28.92	28.92	30.42	32.42	28.00	32.50	32.50	
Recreation	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	
Library	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	11.10	11.10	11.10	
Human Services	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	
Education	407.00	415.00	427.00	434.00	445.00	445.00	426.00	430.00	428.10	440.80	
Total	518.00	523.00	535.00	541.00	552.00	553.33	538.33	544.10	548.70	561.40	

Source: Town Departments and Board of Education

TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR											
Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007		
General government:												
Building permits issued	1,274	1,173	1,078	990	1,014	866	930	995	1,118	1,253		
Police:												
Criminal arrests	1,262	1,181	1,157	1,068	1,231	1,100	1,078	1,023	964	1,125		
Burglaries	112	98	85	72	148	136	125	109	91	81		
Traffic violations	6,450	6,231	5,893	6,075	2,598	2,672	2,528	2,472	2,370	2,098		
Fire:												
Emergency responses	505	634	623	576	615	522	515	506	496	587		
Fire related injuries	6	7	6	4	2	2	3	2	3	1		
Investigations reported to State	505	634	623	576	615	522	515	506	496	587		
Refuse collection:												
Residential Refuse collected (tons per day)	14	21	21	21	21	20	19	19	19	18		
Residential Recyclable collected (tons per day)	5	9	9	9	8	7	6	6	6	5		
Other public works:												
Leaf collections (cubic yards)	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	16,773	15,987	16,251	15,847	15,653		
Winter sand/salt mix used (cubic yards)	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	1,800	1,936	1,864	2,297		
Parks and recreation:												
Athletic field permits issued	962	1,006	997	989	1,003	1,015	1,021	1,013	957	1,041		
Pool attendance	24,496	22,321	21,657	21,943	22,879	25,322	25,467	24,561	23,738	22,633		
Library:												
Volumes in collection	101,356	98,501	98,000	88,253	87,594	88,693	90,972	93,587	92,120	90,828		
Total volumes borrowed	149,461	174,364	172,000	169,385	172,894	173,750	175,979	170,995	169,834	167,389		
Reference Questions	6,666	8,500	8,500	8,421	8,415	8,239	7,852	7,105	6,999	5,836		
Wastewater:												
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300		
Miles of sanitary sewers	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90		
•												

Source: Plainville municipal departments

TOWN OF PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR											
Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007		
Police:												
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Patrol units	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Other public works:												
Streets (miles)	64.90	64.90	64.90	64.90	64.90	64.90	64.90	64.90	64.90	64.90		
Streetlights (Town owned)	1,475	1,475	1,462	1,462	1,430	1,429	1,429	1,429	1,429	1,429		
Light poles (Town owned)	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150		
Traffic signals (Town owned)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Parks and recreation:												
Acreage	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146		
Playstructures	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7		
Baseball/softball diamonds	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14		
Wastewater:												
Pump Stations	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9		
Storm sewers (miles) Treatment capacity (thousands of	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47		
gallons	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700		
Transit - mini-buses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		

Source: Plainville municipal departments